## LC series

USER'S MANUAL

Thank you for purchasing Hanyoung Nux products. Please read the instruction manual carefully before using this product, and use the product correctly. Also, please keep this manual where you can view it any time.


HEAD OFFICE
FACTORY

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## Safety information

Please read the safety information carefully before the use, and use the product correctly. The alerts declared in the manual are classified into Danger, Warning and Caution according to their importance

| \ DANGER | Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury |
| :---: | :---: |
| \ WARNING | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury |
| 1 CAUT |  |

!. CAUTION Indicales a polentialy hazardous situation which, if no tavaided

## ! DANGER

- The input/output terminals are subject to electric shock risk. Never let the input/output terminals come in contact with your body or conductive substances.


## $\triangle$ marning

- Any use of the product other than those specified by the manufacturer may result in personal injury or property damage.
- If there is a possibility that a malfunction or abnormality of this product may lead to a serious accident to the system, install an appropriate protection circuit on the outside.
- Since this product is not equipped with a power switch and fuse, install them separately on the outside (fuse rating: 250 V a.c. 0.5 A ).
- Please supply the rated power voltage, in order to prevent product breakdowns or malfunctions.
- To prevent electric shocks and malfunctions, do not supply the power until the wiring is completed.
- The product does not have an explosion-proof structure, so avoid using it in places with flammable or explosive gases.
- Never disassemble, modify, process, improve or repair this product, as it may cause abnormal operations, electric shocks or fires.
- Please disassemble the product after turning OFF the power. Failure to do so may result in electric shocks, product abnormal operations or malfunctions.
- Please use this product after installing it to a panel, because there is a risk of electric shock.


## $\triangle$ caution

- The contents of this manual may be changed without prior notification.
- Please make sure that the product specifications are the same as you ordered
- Please make sure that there are no damages or product abnormalities occurred during shipment.
- Please use the product in places where corrosive gases (especially harmful gases, ammonia, etc.) and flammable gases are not generated.
- Please use the product in places where vibrations and impacts are not applied directly.
- Please use the product in places without liquids, oils, chemicals, steam, dust, salt, iron, etc.
- Please do not wipe the product with organic solvents such as alcohol, benzene, etc.
(use neutral detergents).
- Please avoid places where large inductive interference, static electricity, magnetic noise are generated.
- Please avoid places with heat accumulation caused by direct sunlight, radiations, etc.
- Please use the product in places with elevation below 2000 m .
- When water enters, short circuit or fire may occur, so please inspect the product carefully
- When there is a lot of noise from the power, we recommend to use insulation transformer and noise filter. Please install the noise filter to a grounded panel, etc. and make the wiring of noise filter output and power supply terminal as short as possible.
- Tightly twisting the power cables is effective against noise.
- Do not wire anything to unused terminals.
- Please wire correctly, atter checking the polarity of the terminals.
- When you install this product to a panel, please use switches or circuit breakers compliant with IEC60947-1 or IEC60947-3.
- Please install switches or circuit breakers at close distance for user convenience.
- We recommend regular maintenance for the continuous safe use of this product.
- Some components of this product may have a lifespan or deteriorate over time.
- The warranty period of this product, is 1 year, including its accessories, under normal conditions of use.
- The preparation period of the contact output is required during power supply.

If used as a signal to external interlock circuit, etc. please use a delay relay together.

## Suffix code

| Model | Code |  |  |  |  |  | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LC | $\square-$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |  | LCD Counter \& Timer |
| Dimensions | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 96(W) $\times 48(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
|  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | $48(\mathrm{~W}) \times 48(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | 72(W) $\times 36(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | $72(\mathrm{~W}) \times 72(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Settings |  | P |  |  |  |  | Preset Counter \& Timer |
| Display digits |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 4 digits (9999) ※LC4 only |
|  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 6 digits (999999) |
| Control output |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1-stage output |
|  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2-stage output |
| Sub output |  |  |  |  | N |  | No sub output |
|  |  |  |  |  | C |  | RS485 (MODBUS-RTU) |
| Power voltage |  |  |  |  |  | A | 100-240 V a.c. 50/60 Hz |

## Specification

| Model |  |  | LC3 | LC4 | LC6 | LC7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power voltage |  |  | $100-240 \mathrm{~V}$ a.c. $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (voltage fluctuation rate: $\pm 10 \%$ ) |  |  |  |
| Power Consumption |  |  | - 2-stage setting type: max. 12 VA <br> - 1-stage setting type: max. 11 VA |  |  |  |
| Character height |  |  | Counting unit ( 14.5 mm ), Setting unit (10 mm) | - 6-digit: <br> Counting unit <br> ( 10.8 mm ), <br> Setting unit ( 8 mm ) <br> - 4-digit: <br> Counting unit <br> ( 14 mm ), <br> Setting unit <br> $(8.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | Counting unit ( 10.5 mm ), Setting unit ( 6.7 mm ) | Counting unit ( 17.2 mm ), Setting unit ( 12.5 mm ) |
| Max counting speed |  |  | $1 \mathrm{cps} / 30 \mathrm{cps} / 1 \mathrm{Kcps} / 10 \mathrm{Kcps}$ |  |  |  |
| Power outage compensation |  |  | 10 years (using non-volatile memory) |  |  |  |
| Input |  |  | - Selection of input method by external switch (voltage input / non-voltage input) <br> - Counter: composed of CP1, CP2, RESET, BATCH -RESET <br> - Timer: composed of START, INHIBIT, RESET <br> - Voltage input: HIGH level ( $5 \mathrm{~V}-30 \mathrm{~V}$ d.c.), LOW level ( $0 \mathrm{~V}-2 \mathrm{~V}$ d.c.), input resistance (about $4.5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ ) <br> - Non-voltage input: impedance during short-circuit (max. $1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ ), residual voltage during short-circuit (max. 2 V d.c.) |  |  |  |
| Minimum input signal time |  |  | $1 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ (START, INHBIT, RESET inputs) |  |  |  |
| External power supply |  |  | Max. 12 V d.c. 100 mA |  |  |  |
| ONE SHOT output |  |  | $0.01 \sim 99.99$ sec. |  |  |  |
|  | contact output | 1-stage | OUT (SPDT, 1c) |  | OUT (SPST, 1a) | OUT (SPDT, 1c) |
|  |  | 2-stage | OUT1 (SPST, 1a), OUT2 (SPDT, 1c) <br> * OUT2 of LC6-P62C: SPST configuration |  |  |  |
|  |  | capacity | - SPDT: NC ( 250 V a.c. 5 A ), NO ( 250 V a.c. 2 A ), resistive load <br> - SPST: 250 V a.c. 5A, resistive load |  |  |  |
|  | contactless output | 1-stage | NPN 2 circuits (OUT, BAT.O), <br> * LC4-P61C / P41C models NPN 1 circuit contiguration |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2-stage | NPN 2 circuits (OUT1, OUT2) |  |  | NPN 2 circuits (OUT1, OUT2) |
|  |  | capacity | Open collector, max. 30 V d.c. 100 mA |  |  |  |
| Timer operation error |  |  | Power start: max. $\pm 0.01 \% \pm 0.05 \mathrm{sec}$ <br> Reset start: max. $\pm 0.01 \% \pm 0.03 \mathrm{sec}$ |  |  |  |
|  | protocol |  | Modbus RTU |  |  |  |
|  | method |  | RS485 (2-wire half-duplex) |  |  |  |
|  | synchronism |  | Asynchronous |  |  |  |
|  | speed |  | 2,400 / 4,800 / 9,600 / 19,200 / 38,400 bps |  |  |  |
|  | effective distance |  | Max. within 800 m |  |  |  |
|  | maximum connections |  | 31 (address : $1 \sim 127$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | response waiting time |  | $5 \sim 99 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |  |
|  | START BIT |  | 1 bit (fixed) |  |  |  |
|  | STOP BIT |  | 1 bit (fixed) |  |  |  |
|  | DATA BIT |  | 8 bit |  |  |  |
|  | PARIT | Y BT | None / Odd / Even |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Min. } 100 \mathrm{MQ}(500 \mathrm{~V} \text { d.c.) } \\ \text { conductive part terminal - unfilled metal } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  |  | 2000 V a.c. 60 Hz for 1 minute (different live part terminals) |  |  |  |
| Noise immunity |  |  | Square-wave noise by noise simulator ( 1 山s pulse every 16 ms ) $\pm 2000 \mathrm{~V}$ (pulse width $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Vibration durability |  |  | $10-55 \mathrm{~Hz}$, single amplitude $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}, 3-\mathrm{axis}$ each direction, 2 h |  |  |  |
| Relay life |  | trical | Min. 50,000 times |  |  |  |
|  | mechanical |  | Min. 10,000,000 times |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection |  |  | IP66 (product front) |  |  |  |
| Approval |  |  | C $\in$ [ |  |  |  |
| Storage temperature |  |  | $-20 \sim 65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature \& humidity |  |  | $-10 \sim 55{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 35 \sim 85 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |  |  |
| Weight |  |  | 196 g | 140 g | 143 g | 222 g |

## Maximum counting speed

The maximum counting speed is the maximum response speed when you input the duty ratio (ON / OFF ratio) of the count input signal as $1: 1$.
(1) Even when the input signal is below the maximum counting speed, it may not be counted if the ON and OFF times are less than the specified minimum signal width.
(2) Minimum signal time.

| Counting speed | Minimum signal time |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 cps | 500 ms |
| 30 cps | 16.7 ms |
| 1 Kcps | 0.5 ms |
| 10 Kcps | 0.05 ms |

※ The minimum signal time refers to ON and OFF times.


Power supply


Since the rise and fall time of internal power and external output power is 100 ms after power on and 200 ms after power off, it does not not operate in unstable time to prevent malfunction due to unsafe output operation of external sensor

- Apply the signal 100 ms after power on.
- Apply power 200 ms after power off.


## Part name and functions

- LC3


LC4

(1) PV display: displays count value, time value, batch count value, setting item (2) SV display: displays counter / timer / batch set value
(3) MODE KEY: enters and quits function mode (auto save function set value during termination) used to switch the SV display in operation mode (1-stage/2-stage set values/batch set value)
(4) SHIFT KEY: enters set value change mode and shifts the set value digits enters communication setting mode in function mode
(5) DOWN KEY: reduces set value in function mode and set value change mode
(6) UP KEY: increases set value in function mode and set value change mode
(7) RESET KEY: resets count value, time value and output status
(8) START input indicator: illuminates when external START signal is applied in timer operation mode (9) INHIBT input indicator: illuminates when external INHBBIT signal is applied in timer operation mode (10) RESET input indicator: illuminates when external RESET signal is applied (11) LOCK set indicator: illuminates when LOCK is set
(12) Communication write inhibit indicator: illuminates when communication write inhibit is set
(B) Timer setting indicator: illuminates when $\mathrm{TIM} / \mathrm{TTIM} / \mathrm{BTIM}$ operation mode is set, flashes during timing operation
(44) BATCH output indicator: illuminates during BATCH output operation
(5) OUT1 output indicator: illuminates during OUT1 output operation
(16) OUT2 output indicator: illuminates during OUT2 output operation
(77) BATCH setting indicator: illuminates when switching SV display to BATCH set value (8) OUT1 setting indicator: illuminates when switching SV display to 1 -stage set value (99) OUT2 setting indicator: illuminates when switching SV display to 2 -stage set value

## Operation mode

| Display | Operation mode | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LnL | Preset counter | According to input mode, it adds, subtracts, add/subtracts and counts the pulses applied to external input CP1 /CP2. When the count value reaches the 1 - and 2 -stage set values, the OUT1 and OUT2 are operated according to the selected output mode. |
| bL̇L | Batch counter | The batch output is activated when the batch count value reaches the batch set value, after counting the count-ups of the counter. |
| Li | Timer | When a signal is applied to the external input START / INHBBT / RESET, the operation time is displayed according to time range. OUT1 and OUT2 outputs are operated according to the selected output mode when the time value reaches the 1 - and 2 - stage set values. |
| LL! | Twin timer | OUT1 and OUT2 outputs are turned ON / OFF according to ON and OFF set times. (OUT output is operated in 1 -stage model, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs are operated in 2 -stage model simultaneously). |
| bLi | Batch timer | The batch output is activated when the batch count value reaches the batch set value, after counting the time-ups of the timer. |

[^0] value display mode or by applying a signal to the batch reset terminal.

Function mode configuration
Operation mode


Counter function mode

| Display | Name | Settings | Display condition | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nodt | Operation mode |  <br> * In operation mode setting, you can set the communication function by pressing © key | Counter | [nt |
| $\begin{gathered} 1-\bar{n}-\dot{c} \\ i-n \\ \substack{0} \end{gathered}$ | Input mode |  UP-A UP-B UP-AB DOWN-A DOWN-B DOWN-AB $U d-F \longrightarrow U d-E \rightarrow U d-d \longrightarrow U d-E \longrightarrow U d-b \longrightarrow U d-R$ UP/DOWN UP/DOWN UP/DOWN UP/DOWN UP/DOWN UP/DOWN $\begin{array}{llllll}-F & -E & -D & -C & -B & -A\end{array}$ | Counter | U-A |
| o-nd | Output mode |  | Counter | $\square$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { oitt } \\ & \hline 0.10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OUT2/ } \\ & \text { OUT } \end{aligned}$ | - Sets OUT2 or OUT output time <br> - You cannot set to 00.00 in some output modes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2-stage } \\ & \text { setting } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| oilt 000 | output time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ICDOD } \sim 9.99 \\ & 00.00 \\ & 99.99 \end{aligned}$ | 1-stage setting |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { out } \\ & \text { HoL' } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | OUT1 output time | - Sets OUT1 output time <br> HoLd ~ 9999 <br> HOLD 99.99 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2-stage } \\ & \text { setting } \end{aligned}$ | HoLd |
| $\left[\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ 30 \end{array}\right]$ | Counting speed | - Sets max counting speed (when duty ratio is $1: 1$ ) | Counter | 30 |
|  | Pre-scale decimal point |  | Counter | [00000 |
| $\begin{gathered} p_{r} E 5 \\ 001000 \end{gathered}$ | Pre-scale | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00001 \\ & 0.00001 \end{aligned}$ | Counter | OCO 1000 |
| dot | Decimal point | ※ Decimal point display cannot be more than prescale one <br>  0.0000000 .0000000 .0000000 .0000000 .0000000 | Counter | 000000 |
| $\begin{gathered} 52 L E \\ 20255 \end{gathered}$ | Reset time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in̄ }-20 \text { ñ } \\ & 1 \mathrm{~ms} \quad 20 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | Counter | 20 -5 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Pour }_{\text {and }}^{\text {ShuE }} \end{gathered}$ | Power outage memory | - SAVE (saves count value), CLEAR (resets count value | Counter | [LET |
| $515$ | Show input logic | - Shows NPN/PNP input selection status of side dip swtch $\begin{aligned} & n P_{n} \longrightarrow P_{n} P \\ & \text { NPN } \end{aligned}$ | Counter | $n \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lory } \\ & \text { Loff } \\ & \hline \text { LOF } \end{aligned}$ | Key lock |  | Counter | Loff |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { F5S } \\ 000000 ~ \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Offset | - Available only in UP mode, it counts from the set offset value * It cannot be used with the twin timer. $\begin{aligned} & 000000 \sim 999999 \\ & 000000 \end{aligned}$ | Counter | 000000 |

## Counter input action

A shall be above the minimum signal width，and $B$ above $1 / 2$ of the minimum signal width

|  | Up－A inhibit input |  | Down－A inhibit input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11－月 |  | d－9 |  |
|  | Up－B inhibit input |  | Down－B inhibit input |
| 13－6 |  | d－b |  |
|  | Up－AB individual input |  | Down－$A B$ individual input |
| 13－96 |  | d－96 |  |
|  | Up／Down－A command input |  | Up／Down－D command input |
| 1808 |  | 保－d |  |
|  | Up／Down－B individual input |  | Up／Down－E individual input |
| 160－b |  | IUG－E |  |
|  | Up／Down－C phase difference input |  | Up／Down－F phase difference input |
| 10゙5 |  | ［18－F |  |


Note）The timing diagram above is for when the input logic is set to＇PNP＇mode．

## Input／output connection

■ Input logic selection（voltage／non－voltage）
1．After turning off the power，check the NPN／PNP display on case top and operate the transfer switch．
2．You can check the input logic setting status in the function setting mode．


## －Input connection

－When non－voltage input（NPN）is selected

－When voltage input（PNP）is selected


■ Output connection

－Example of contactless （transistor）output －Since internal circuit and contactless output are isolated，please use same as GND．
For the contactless output，select the power supply for the load and the load，in order not to exceed the maximum of 30 V 100 mA ．


■ Key lock level selection（ LaLL$)$

| Key lock level selection | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| L．aFF | Unlocks all keys |
| L．，ロп | Locks all keys \｛except MODE key\} |
| L． 5 LEL | Locks set value input（SHIFT）key |
| $455 L$ | Locks reset（RST）key |

※ In case of 1-stage model, it is operated as SET2 and OUT2.
※ Apply a reset signal to the front reset (RST) key or external RESET terminal.
One shot output ( $0.01 \mathrm{~s} \sim 99.99 \mathrm{~s}$ )

| Output | Input mode |  |  | Operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mode | UP | DOWN | UP/DOWN/A, B, C |  |
| 7 |  |  |  | When the count reaches the set value, the count stops and the displayed value is held. <br> OUT2 output is held. <br> Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| $F$ |  |  |  | Even when the count value reaches the set value, the count is displayed continuously increasing or decreasing. <br> OUT2 output is maintained. <br> Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| 5 |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, the count is idisplayed continuously increasing or decreasing after initialization. OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. <br> The self-holding output of OUT1 turns off together with OUT2 output. <br> The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. <br> Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| 5 |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, the count is displayed after stop during the OUT2 output setting time. Atter the OUT2 output setting time, it is displayed incrementally or decrementally after initialization. OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. The self-holding output of OUT1 turns off together with OUT2 output. The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| $\underline{\square}$ |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, the count is displayed incrementally or decrementally. OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. The self-holding output of OUT1 turns off together with OUT2 output. <br> The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| $\square$ |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, the count is displayed incrementally or decrementally after initialization. The count value display stops during OUT2 output setting time, and the increased or decreased count value is displayed after the OUT2 output setting time. OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. The selfholding output of OUT1 turns turns off together with OUT2 output. The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| 9 |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, after OUT2 output setting time, the count is displayed incrementally or decrementally after initialization. OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. <br> The self-holding output of OUT1 turns off together with OUT2 output. <br> The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. <br> Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |
| 9 |  |  |  | When the count value reaches the set value, the count stops and the display value is held. <br> OUT2 output turns off after one-shot output during the set time. <br> The self-holding output of OUT1 turns off together with OUT2 output. <br> The one-shot output of OUT1 turns off after the OUT1 output setting time, regardless of OUT2 output. <br> Count value, display value and output are initialized during reset input. |

## Batch counter



## - Batch counter operation

- The batch count value increases during OUT2 output operation
(increase during OUT output operation in 1-stage model)
- Batch output $(B / O)$ is operated when the batch count value is greater than the batch set value.
- Batch count values and batch outputs are initialized by pressing the front RST
key in batch display mode or by applying a signal to the external BRST terminal.
- Even in batch display mode, the counting operation continues.
- If the batch count value is ' 999999 or more, it is initialized to '0' and counted.


## View and change counter set value

－If you press MD in counter operation mode，SET1 or SET2 set value is displayed in SV display sequentially．
－To change the set value，select the SET1 or SET2 set value to change with MD，then press $\gg$ to enter set value change mode．
－If you enter the set value change mode，the set value will flash and you can change the set value with $\overline{>} / \approx /$ 人
－After changing the set value，use MD to save the changed set value．
－Without key inputs for 1 minute in set value change mode，it returns to operation mode with the value set before change，without saving．
－For 1 －stage models，the set value is not changed．（It is fixed as 2 on the display part．）
－Counter set value change（2－stage output model）

－Batch counter set value and batch set value change


Timer function mode
－Batch set value change
1．In operation mode，use MD to switch to batch count value display mode．
2．In batch count value display mode，use $>$ to switch to batch set value change mode．
3．In batch set value input mode，use $>, \equiv, ~$ ，团 to change the batch set value to＂4321＂（when setting the batch set value to＂4321＂）
4．After changing the batch set value，press $M D$ to save the changed batch set value．
5．In the count value／batch count value display modes，you can change the set value and batch set value．

Time range

| Range selection display |  | 4－digit time range |  | 6－digit time range |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UP | DOWN | Decimal notation | Sexagesimal notation | Decimal notation | Sexagesimal notation |
| 41415 | dif 15 | 99.99 s | 59.99 s | 9999.99 s | 59 m 59.99 s |
| 4.15 | dit | 999.9 s | 9 m 59.9 s | 99999.9 s | 9 h 59 m 59.9 s |
| 115 | －15 | 9999 s | 59 m 59 s | 999999 s | 99 h 59 m 59 s |
| 泬 | － 1 | 9999 m | 99 h 59 m | 999999 m | 9999 h 59 m |
| Hit | $d^{\prime}$ it | 9999 h | 99 d 23 h | 999999 h | 9999 d 23 h |

[^1]Sell-holding output Sellit

|  | Output mode | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pand |  | - Time is displayed at the same time as power is on <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |
| 5and | Signal RUN - ON delay | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - Time value and output are initialized when external START signal is OFF <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 50 | Signal RUN - OFF delay | - OUT2 output ON at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - Time is displayed when external START signal is OFF <br> - During time-up, time value and OUT2 output are initialized <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 51 nt | Signal RUN - Interval | - OUT2 output turns ON and time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, time value and OUT2 output are initialized <br> - Time value and output are initialized when external START signal is OFF <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 5 5ad |  | - Time is displayed only while external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - It maintains time value until reset input <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 5and | Signal START - ON delay | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |


| Output mode |  | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5an | Signal START - ON delay1 | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 5 mb | Signal START - Interval | - OUT2 output turns ON and time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, time value and OUT2 output are initialized <br> - Time value and output are initialized when external START signal is OFF <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| $55 L L$ | Signal START - Flicker | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, the time is displayed continuously after OUT2 output turns ON , and the time value is initialized <br> - After the external START signal is applied it shows the time according to SET2 set time and repeats the OUT2 output ON/OFF operation <br> - If OUT2 output is one-shot, OUT2 output turns OFF after OUT2 output set time <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |
| $55-r$ | Signal START - Flicker_R | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output turns ON and the time value is held <br> - Time value initializes and OUT2 output turns OFF after OUT2 output set time <br> - After the external START signal is applied it shows the time according to SET2 set time and repeats the OUT2 output ON/OFF operation <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |
| $55-9$ | Signal START - Flicker_P | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output ON and time value is initialized (however, the time display value is held) <br> - Time value is displayed and OUT2 output turns OFF after OUT2 output set time <br> - After the external START signal is applied it shows the time according to SET2 set time and repeats the OUT2 output ON/OFF operation <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |
| $55-7$ | Signal START - Flicker_Q | - Time is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During time-up, OUT2 output ON and displayed continuously <br> - Time value is initialized and OUT2 output turns OFF after OUT2 output set time <br> - After the external START signal is applied it shows the time according to SET2 set time and repeats the OUT2 output ON/OFF operation <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |

Twin timer output mode

| Output mode |  | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pand | Power RUN - ON delay | - OFF time (SETT) is displayed at the same time as power is on <br> - During OFF time (SET1) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn ON, and ON time (SET2) is displayed atter time value initialization <br> - During ON time (SET2) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn OFF, and OFF time (SET1) is displayed atter time value initialization <br> - Atter supplying the power OUT1 and OUT2 outputs repeat ON/OFF operation according to SET1 and SET2 set times <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| FaFd | Power RUN - OFF delay | - OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn on and ON time (SET1) is displayed at the same time as power is on <br> - During ON time (SET1) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn OFF, and OFF time (SET2) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - During OFF time (SET2) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn ON, and ON time (SET1) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - After supplying the power OUT1 and OUT2 outputs repeat ON/OFF operation according to SET1 and SET2 set times <br> - Time value and output initialized during reset input |
| 5and | Signal START - ON delay | - OFF time (SET1) is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During OFF time (SET1) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn ON , and ON time (SET2) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - During ON time (SET2) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn OFF, and OFF time (SET1) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - After the external START signal is applied, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs repeat ON/OFF operation according to SET1 and SET2 set times <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |
| 5050 | Signal START - OFF delay | - OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn ON and ON time (SET1) is displayed at the same time as external START signal is applied <br> - During ON time (SET1) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn OFF, OFF time (SET2) displayed after time valueMinitialization <br> - During OFF time (SET2) time-up, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs turn ON, and ON time (SET1) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - After the external START signal is applied, OUT1 and OUT2 outputs repeat ON/OFF operation according to SET1 and SET2 set times <br> - Time value and output are initialized during reset input |

- Timer set value change mode (2-stage output model)

| Output mode |  |  | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Power RUN - Flicker_P | - While power is on, OUT1 output is ON and OUT1 ON time (SET1) is displayed <br> - During OUT1 ON time (SET1) timeup, OUT1 output is OFF and and downtime (t) is displayed after time value initialization <br> - OUT2 output turns on after the downtime (t), and OUT2 ON (SET2) time is displayed after time value initialization <br> - OUT2 output turns off ON during OUT2 ON time (SET2) time-up, and the downtime ( $(t)$ is displayed atter time value intialization <br> - Atter power-on, OUT1 and OUT2 output repeat ON / OFF operations according to SET1 and SET2, t set time <br> - Time value and output intializazion during reset input <br> - Available in 2-stage models |
| PaFL | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { POWER } \\ \text { START } \\ \text { RESET } \\ \text { STT2 } \\ \text { SET1 } \\ 0 \\ \text { OUT2 } \\ \text { OUT1 } \end{array}$ |  |  |

## Batch timer



## - Batch timer operation

- The batch count value increases during OUT2 output operation.
- Batch output $(B / O)$ is operated when the batch count value is greater than the batch set value.
- Batch count value and batch output are initialized by pressing the front BST key in batch display mode or by applying a signal to the external BRST terminal.
- Even in batch display mode, counting operation continues.
- If the batch count value is ' 999999 or more, it is initialized to ' 0 ' and counted.
- Instantaneous output operation
- When batch set value is set to '0', batch output (BAT.O) is operated as instantaneous output (BAT.O LED illuminates)


## View and change timer set value

- If you press MD in timer operation mode, SET1 or SET2 set value will be displayed in SV display sequentially.
- If you want to change the set value, select SET1 or SET2 set value to change with MD and press $>$ to enter set value change mode.
- If you enter the set value change mode, the set value will flash, and you can change the set value using $>/ \approx /$ /
- After changing the set value, use MD to save the changed set value.
- If there is no key input for 1 minute in set value change mode, it returns to operation mode with the value set before change, without saving.
- In case of 1-stage model, set value does not change (it is fixed as 2 on the display part).
- In the twin timer, the ON and OFF times must be set together regardless of 1 or 2-stage models.

- Batch timer set value and batch set value change

※ Batch set value change

1. In operation mode, use MDto switch to batch count value display mode.
2. In batch count value display mode, use $\$>$ to switch to batch set value change mode.
3. In batch set value change mode, use $\gg, \approx$, 人 to change the batch set value to '4321' (when setting the batch set value to '4321')
4. After changing the batch set value, press MD to save the changed batch set value.

■ Twin timer ON time and OFF time set value change mode


## ■ View and change twin timer ON / OFF time set value

1. SET1 set value is displayed on PV display, SET2 set value is displayed on SV display.
2. During Pond/5ond output mode, OFF time is set on PV display, and ON time is set on SV display.
3. During $P_{0} F_{d} / 50 \mathrm{Fd}$ output mode, ON time is set on PV display, and OFF time is set on SV display.
4. During PoFt output mode, OUT1-ON time is set on PV display, and OUT2-ON time is set on SV display
※ When entering the twin timer ON / OFF time set value change mode, the timer stops, and when disabling the set value change mode, the timer displays from the stopped time.


- The communication cable uses twisted-pair cable to connect several LCs.
- Connect twisted-pair cable among LCs by Daisy chain method, the terminal has resistances of around $120 \Omega$ at both ends with communication line.
- Set the parameter values related to LC communication as Master
(make sure that the address is not set as duplicate)
- You can connect up to 31 LCs.
※ RS232 $\rightarrow$ RS485 converter CV310 is sold separately.


## Communication control method

- The Modbus communication starts by transmitting a query from the Master to the counter
- The counter monitors the query and sends a response to the master, if the address is confirmed.


1. Query

Query (Master)

| Address | Command | Start address | Number of data | CRC16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address | CRC16 |  |  |  |
| Command | LC address (1~127) |  |  |  |
| Start address | Register start address for transfer request |  |  |  |
| Number of data | Number of data for transfer request |  |  |  |
| CRC16 | Checksum from address to number of data |  |  |  |

2. Response

## Response (counter)



| Address | LC address (1~127) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Command | Requested function code (01H~06H, 10H) |
| Number of data | Number of data to transfer |
| Data | Data to transfer |
| CRC16 | Checksum from address to data |

Communication function mode

| Display | Name | Settings | Display condition | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 5-n 0 \\ 000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Communication address | $\begin{array}{cc} 001 & 127 \\ 1 & 127 \end{array}$ <br> - A communication error will occur if you use the same address in LC during multi-communication <br> - You can connect 31 units during multi communication | Communication model | 00: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 695 \\ & 9600 \end{aligned}$ | Communication speed | $\begin{array}{llll} 24 \longrightarrow 48 — 95 — & 192 \longrightarrow 384 \\ 2400 & 4800 & 9600 & 19200 \\ 38400 \end{array}$ | Communication model | 9600 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ptu } \\ & \text { nong } \end{aligned}$ | Communication parity bit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { non } E — E u E_{n} \longrightarrow \text { odd } \\ & \text { none even odd } \end{aligned}$ | Communication model | none |
| $\mathrm{rit}_{20}$ | Communication response waiting time | $\begin{aligned} & 05 \backsim 99 \\ & 5 \mathrm{~ms} \quad 99 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | Communication model | 20 |
| $\left[\begin{array}{c} -u_{0}^{0} \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | Communication write inhibit | ofF $\longrightarrow$ on <br> OFF ON <br> - If communication write inhibitis set to ON , it is not possible to set data by communication. | Communication model | $\square$ |

1. Func 01H (Read Coil Status)

| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func |  | Data Byte Count | Data | CRC16 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | High |
| 1byte |  |  |  | 1byte | 1byte |  |  | 1byte |

※ Func 01H usage example
(LC address 01 current status: RST KEY $=0$ OFF, BAT RST KEY $=0$ FF, OUT1 $=0 \mathrm{~N}$, OUT2 $=0 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{BOUT}=0 \mathrm{FF}$ )

| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |
| 01 | 01 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 05 | FC | 09 |

Response (Slave)

| Slave Addr | Func | Data Byte <br> Count | Data | CRC16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 01 | 01 |  | Low | High |
| 01 | 01 | 01 | $8 D$ |  |  |

2. Func 02H (Read Input Status)

| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func |  |  | art Addr | No. of | oints |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | High | Low | High | Low |  | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte |  | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |  | 1byte | 1byte |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func |  |  | Data Byte Count | Data | CRC16 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Low |  | High |
| 1 lbyte |  | 1byte |  | 1byte | 1byte |  | 1byte |  | 1byte |

※ Func 02H usage example
(LC address 01 current status :external RST $=0 \mathrm{~N}$, external BRST $=0$ OFF, CP1 $=0 \mathrm{OFF}, \mathrm{CP2}=0 \mathrm{OFF}$ )

| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave <br> Addr | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | Low | High | Low | Low | High |  |
| 01 | 02 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 05 | B8 | 09 |

Response (Slave)

| Slave Addr | Func | Data Byte <br> Count | Data | CRC16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 01 |  | 60 | 48 |
| 0 | 02 | 01 |  |  |  |

3. Func 03H (Read Holding Registers)

| Query (Mas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low |  | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |  | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func |  |  | Data | ( $\mathrm{n}=1$ | 1~16) |  |  |
| Stave Adar | Func |  |  | High |  | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte |  |  | n-byte |  | n-byte | 1byte | 1byte |

4. Func 04H (Read Input Registers)

| Query (Mas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low |  | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1 lbyte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |  | 1 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func | Data Byte Count |  | Data ( $\mathrm{n}=1 \sim 13$ ) |  |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  |  |  | High |  | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte |  |  | n-byte |  | n-byte | 1byte | 1byte |

5. Func 05H (Force Single Coil)

$|$| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Coil Adr |  | Force Data |  | CRC16 |  |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |  |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |  |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func | Coil Addr |  | Force Data |  | CRC16 |  |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |  |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |  |

6. Func 06H (Preset Single Register)

| Query (Master) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Register Addr |  | Preset Data | CRC16 |  |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |


| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Register Addr |  | Preset Data |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |

7. Func 10H (Preset Multiple Registers)

## Query (Master)

| Slave | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Register |  | Data Byte Count | $\begin{gathered} \text { Data } \\ (\mathrm{n}=1 \sim 16) \end{gathered}$ |  | CRC16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Addr |  | High | Low | High | Low |  | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | n-byte | n-byte | 1byte | 1byte |


| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Register |  | CRC16 |  |
|  |  | High | Low | High | Low | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |

## MAPPING TABLE

1. Func $01 \mathrm{H} / 05 \mathrm{H}$ Mapping Table (output status / reset)

| Output status / reset |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| $00001(0000)$ | $01 / 05$ | Reset terminal input | 0 | off | 1 | on |
| $00002(0001)$ | $01 / 05$ | Batch-Reset terminal input | 0 | off | 1 | on |
| $00003(0002)$ | 01 | OUT1 output | 0 | off | 1 | on |
| $00004(0003)$ | 01 | OUT2 output | 0 | off | 1 | on |
| $00005(0004)$ | 01 | Batch output | 0 | off | 1 | on |

2. Func 02H Mapping Table (input status)

| Input status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |  |
| $10001(0000)$ | 02 | Reset terminal input | 0 | off | 1 | on |  |
| $10002(0001)$ | 02 | Batch-reset terminal input | 0 | off | 1 | on |  |
| $10003(0002)$ | 02 | CP1 input | 0 | off | 1 | on |  |
| $10004(0003)$ | 02 | CP2 input | 0 | off | 1 | on |  |
| $10005(0004)$ | 02 | RESERVED | $20 H$ |  |  |  |  |

3. Func 04 H Mapping Table (product information / product monitoring)

| Product information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| 30101 (0064) | 04 | Product no. Low | 0 |  |  |  |
| 30102 (0065) | 04 | Product no. High | 0 |  |  |  |
| 30103 (0066) | 04 | Hardware version | 0 |  |  |  |
| 30104 (0067) | 04 | Firmware version | 0 |  |  |  |
| 30105 (0068) | 04 | Model name | "LC" |  |  |  |
| 30106 (0069) | 04 | Product model | *"62" / "61" / "42" / "41" * Depending on the product model, displays one of four product models |  |  |  |
| 30107 (006A) | 04 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 30108 (006B) | 04 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| Product monitoring |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| 31001 (03E8) | 04 | LED display status | 0 | off | 1 | on |
|  |  |  | bit14 | TIM LED | bit8 | OUT2 LED |
|  |  |  | bit13 | SET2 LED | bit7 | BATCH OUT LED |
|  |  |  | bit12 | SET1 LED | bit6 | STA LED |
|  |  |  | bit11 | LOCK LED | bit5 | INH LED |
|  |  |  | bit10 | BATCH LED | bit4 | RST LED |
|  |  |  | bit9 | OUT1 LED | bit3 | CWP LED |
| $\begin{array}{\|r} 31002 \text { (03E9) } \\ \sim 31003(03 E A) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 04 | Batch PV | 6 digits (0~999999), 4 digits (0~9999) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 31004 \text { (03EB) } \\ \sim 31005(03 E C) \end{array}$ | 04 | PV | ※ Counter6 digits (-9gggg~ggggg9),4 digits (-9gg~gggg) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ※ Timer <br> -. refer to SV settings (ADDR 40001) |  |  |  |
| 31006 (03ED) | 04 | Dot Point | ※ Counter |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 | 6 digits (000000), 4 digits (0000) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | 6 digits (000000), 4 digits (0000) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | 6 digits (0000.00), 4 digits (00.00) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3 | 6 digits (000.000), 4 digits (0.000) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | 6 digits (00.0000), 4 digits (x) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5 | 6 digits (0.00000), 4 digits (x) |  |  |
|  |  |  | ※Timer <br> -. Set dot position by time range |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 | u.01s | 5 | d.01s |
|  |  |  | 1 | u.1s | 6 | d.1s |
|  |  |  | 2 | u1s | 7 | d1s |
|  |  |  | 3 | u1m | 8 | d1m |
|  |  |  | 4 | u1h | 9 | d1h |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31007 \text { (03EE) } \\ & \sim 31008(03 E F) \end{aligned}$ | 04 | SV2 | ※ Counter <br> 6 digits (0~999999),4 digits (0~9999) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ※ Timer <br> -. Refer to SV settings (ADDR 40001) |  |  |  |

8. Exception (Exception code transmission in case of communication error)

| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave Addr | Func +80 H | Exception code | CRC16 |  |
|  |  |  | Low | High |
| 1byte | 1 1byte | 1 1byte | 1byte | 1byte |
| Exception | Description |  |  |  |
| 1 | Commands not supported |  |  |  |
| 2 | Start address of the requested not matching the address that can be sent by the device |  |  |  |
| 3 | Number of requested data not matching the number that can be sent by the device |  |  |  |
| 4 | The requested command cannot be processed normally |  |  |  |
| 5 If | If communication write inhibit is ON , Exception code 4 sent during communication write request |  |  |  |

※ Exception usage example (lf the Start Addr of the requested data is an error)
Query (Master)

| Slave Addr | Func | Start Addr |  | No. of Points |  | CRC16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Low | High | Low | Low | High |  |
| 01 | 03 | 00 | 95 | 00 | 07 | 14 | 24 |
| Response (Slave) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slave Addr | Func +80 H | Exception code | CRC16 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cow | High |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01 | 83 | 02 | C0 | F1 |  |  |  |


| Product monitoring |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |
| 31009 (03F0) | 04 | SV1 | ※ Counter <br> 6 digits (0~999g99),4 digits (0~g999) |
| ~31010(03F1) |  |  | ※ Timer <br> -. Refer to SV settings (ADDR 40001) |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 31011(03 F 2) \\ \sim 31012(03 F 3) \end{array}$ | 04 | Batch SV | 6 digits (0~g9gg99) 4 digits (0~9999) |
| 31013 (03F4) | 04 | Input logic | NPN |

4. Func $03 \mathrm{H} / 06 \mathrm{H} / 10 \mathrm{H}$ Mapping Table (SV / counter / timer / communication settings)

| SV settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40001 \text { (0000) } \\ & \sim 40002(0001) \end{aligned}$ | 03/06/16 | SV2 | ```※ Counter 6 digits (0~999999), 4 digits (0~9999) ※ Timer (decimal) 6 digits (0~999999), 4 digits (0~9999) ※ Timer (sexagesimal)``` |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | u. 01 | 6 digits (0~595999), 4 digits (0 5999) |  |  |
|  | 03/06/16 | SV1 | u. 1 | S 6 digits (0~95 | 9599), | , 4 digits (0~9599) |
|  |  |  | u1 | s 6 digits (0~99 | 5959), | , 4 digits (0~5959) |
|  |  |  | u1m | m 6 digits (0~99 | 9959), | , 4 digits (0~9959) |
|  |  |  | u1 | h 6 digits (0~99 | 923), | , 4 digits (0~9923) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40005 \text { (0004) } \\ & \sim 40006 \text { (0005) } \end{aligned}$ | 03/06/16 | Batch SV | ※ 6 digits: $0 \sim 999999$ ※ 4 digits: $0 \sim 9999$ |  |  |  |
| Counter settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| 40051 (0032) | 03/06/16 | Operation mode | 0 | counter | 3 | twin timer |
|  |  |  | 1 | batch-counter | 4 | batch-timer |
|  |  |  | 2 | timer |  |  |
| 40052 (0033) | 03/06/16 | Input mode | 0 | U-A | 6 | UD-A |
|  |  |  | 1 | U-B | 7 | UD-B |
|  |  |  | 2 | U-AB | 8 | UD-C |
|  |  |  | 3 | D-A | 9 | UD-D |
|  |  |  | 4 | D-B | A | UD-E |
|  |  |  | 5 | D-AB | B | UD-F |
| 40053 (0034) | 03/06/16 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40054 (0035) | 03/06/16 | Output mode | 0 | N | 4 | K |
|  |  |  | 1 | F | 5 | P |
|  |  |  | 2 | C | 6 | Q |
|  |  |  | 3 | R | 7 | A |
| 40055 (0036) | 03/06/16 | Max. counting speed | 0 | 1 cps | 2 | 1 Kcps |
|  |  |  | 1 | 30 cps | 3 | 10 cps |
| 40056 (0037) | 03/06/16 | OUT2 output time | $0000 \sim 9999$ ( $0 \sim 99,99 \mathrm{sec}$ ) |  |  |  |
| 40057 (0038) | 03/06/16 |  | $0000 \sim 9999$ (Hold ~ 99.99 sec ) |  |  |  |
| 40058 (0039) | 03/06/16 | Dot Point | 06 digits (000000), 4 digits (0000) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | 6 digits (00000 | D.0), | 4 digits (000.0) |
|  |  |  | 2 | 6 digits (0000 | 00), | 4 digits (00.00) |
|  |  |  | 3 | 6 digits (000.0 | 00), | 4 digits (0.000) |
|  |  |  | 4 | 6 digits (00.00 | 00), | 4 digits (x) |
|  |  |  | 5 | 6 digits (0.000 | 00), | 4 digits (x) |
| 40059 (003A) | 03/06/16 | Min. input signal time | 0 | 1 ms | FF | 20 ms |
| 40060 (003B) | 03/06/16 | Prescale Dot Point | 1 6 digits $(00000,0), 4$ digitt $(000.0)$ <br> 2 6 digits $(00000.00), 4$ digits $(00.00)$ <br> 3 6 digits $(000.000), 4$ digits $(0.000)$ <br> 4 6 digits $(00.0000), 4$ digits $(x)$ <br> 5 6 digits $(0.00000), 4$ digits $(x)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40061 (003C) | 03/06/16 | Prescale | $6 \text { digits } \begin{gathered} (0.00001 \sim 999999), 4 \text { digits } \\ (0.001 \sim 9999) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| 40062 (003D) | 03/06/16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40063 (003E) | 03/06/16 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40064 (003F) | 03/06/16 |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40065 (0040) | 03/06/16 | Backup | 0 | clear | 1 | save |
| 40066 (0041) | 03/06/16 | Lock | 0 | Lock-off | 2 | Lock-set |
|  |  |  | 1 | Lock-on | 3 | Lock-reset |


| Timer settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| 40101 (0064) | 03/06/16 | Operation mode | 0 | counter | 3 | twin timer |
|  |  |  | 1 | batch-counter | 4 | batch-timer |
|  |  |  | 2 | timer |  |  |
| 40102 (0065) | 03/06/16 | Range | 0 | u.01s | 5 | d. 01 s |
|  |  |  | 1 | u.1s | 6 | d. 1 s |
|  |  |  | 2 | u1s | 7 | d1s |
|  |  |  | 3 | u1m | 8 | d1m |
|  |  |  | 4 | u1h | 9 | d1h |
| 40103 (0066) | 03/06/16 | Scale | 0 | Decimal | 1 | Sexagesimal |
| 40104 (0067) | 03/06/16 | Output mode | ※ Timer |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 | pond | 6 | s.on1 |
|  |  |  | 1 | sond | 7 | s.int |
|  |  |  | 2 | sofd | 8 | s.flk |
|  |  |  | 3 | sint | 9 | s.fr |
|  |  |  | 4 | sadd | A | s.fp |
|  |  |  | 5 | s.ond | B | s.fq |
|  |  |  | * Twin timer |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | C | tw-pond | F | tw-s.ond |
|  |  |  | D | tw-pofd | 10 | tw-s.ofd |
|  |  |  | E | tw-poft |  |  |
| 40105 (0068) | 03/06/16 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40106 (0069) |  |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40107 (006A) | 03/06/16 | OUT output time | 0000 (Hold) ~ 9999 (99.99 sec) |  |  |  |
| 40108 (006B) | 03/06/16 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40109 (006C) | 03/06/16 | Min. input signal time | 0 | 1 ms | FF | 20 ms |
| 40110 (006D) | 03/06/16 | RESERVED | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40111 (006E) |  |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40112 (006F) |  |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40113 (0070) |  |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40114 (0071) |  |  | 20h |  |  |  |
| 40115 (0072) | 03/06/16 | Backup | 0 | clear | 1 | save |
| 40116 (0073) | 03/06/16 | Lock | 0 | lock-off | 2 | lock-set |
|  |  |  | 1 | lock-on | 3 | lock-rst |


| Communication settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDR | FUNC | Function | Setting range |  |  |  |
| 40151 (0096) | 03/06/16 | ADDR | $1 \sim 7 \mathrm{~F}$ |  |  |  |
| 40152 (0097) | 03/06/16 | BPS | 0 | 2400 | 3 | 19200 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 4800 | 4 | 38400 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 9600 |  |  |
| 40153 (0098) | 03/06/16 | Parity | 0 | none |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | odd |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | even |  |  |
| 40154 (0099) | 03/06/16 | Stop | 0 | 1-stop (fixed) |  |  |
| 40155 (009A) | 03/06/16 | Response wait time | $5 \sim 99$ (5ms ~99ms) |  |  |  |
| 40156 (009B) | 03/06/16 | Communication write inhibit | 0 | off | FF | on |

## Dimension and panel cutout

## - LC3



- Dimension

- LC7


## - Dimension




Connection diagram



[^0]:    * The batch count value can be initialized by pressing the front reset button in the batch coun

[^1]:    ※ $s$ ：seconds $m$ ：minutes $h$ ：hours $d$ ：days

