

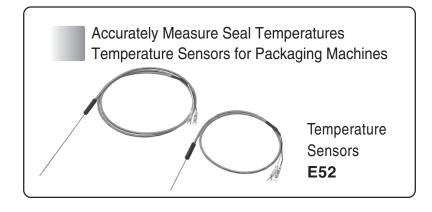
Digital Temperature Controller (Simple Type) E5CD-800/E5ED-800

Next Generation Digital Temperature Controllers E5CD-800 (48 \times 48 mm) and E5ED-800 (48 \times 96 mm)



E5CD-800

E5ED-800





Digital Temperature Controller (Simple Type)

E5CD-800 (48 × 48 mm)

Optimize Control by Detecting Status Changes. Easily Satisfy Both Productivity and Quality.

- Automatic optimization of control for changes in systems (Adaptive Control).
- Functions specialized for packaging machines (Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines and Automatic Filter Adjustment).
- Function specialized for water-cooled extruders (Water-cooling Output Adjustment).
- Indication data (Power ON Time, Ambient Temperature, and Output ON/OFF Count).
- Basic performance is same as the E5□C-800 standard models.
- Draw-out structure for easy maintenance.











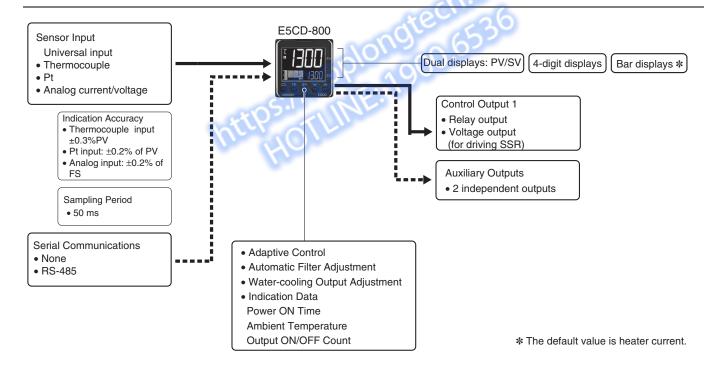
48 × 48 mm E5CD-800

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.



Refer to Safety Precautions on 39.

Main I/O Functions



This datasheet is provided as a guideline for selecting products.

Be sure to refer to the following manuals for application precautions and other information required for operation before attempting to use the product.

E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224)

E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers Communications Manual (Cat. No. H225)

Model Number Legend and Standard Models

Model Number Legend

E5CD-□□ 2 □ **D M**-□□□ (Example: E5CD-RX2ADM-800) 1 2 3 4 5 6

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | (5) | 6 | | |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Model | Control outputs 1 and 2 | No. of auxiliary outputs | Power supply voltage | Terminal type | Input type | Options | Meaning | |
| E5CD | | | | | | | 48 × 48 mm | |
| | | | | | | | Control output 1 | Control output 2 |
| | RX | | | | | | Relay output | None |
| | QX | | | | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | None |
| | | 2 | | | | | 2 independe | ent outputs |
| | | | Α | | | | 100 to 240 VAC | |
| | | | D | | | | 24 VA | C/DC |
| | | | | D | | | Screw terminal blocks | s, draw-out structure |
| | | | | | М | | Universa | al input |
| | | | | | • | | HB alarm and HS alarm | Communications |
| | | | | | | 800 | | |
| | | | | | | 802 | 1 | RS-485 |

Heating and Cooling Control Using Heating and Cooling Control

1 Control Output Assignment

An auxiliary output is used as the cooling control output.

(2) Control

Joling Joling resp If PID control is used, you can set PID control separately for heating and cooling.

This allows you to handle control systems with different heating and cooling response characteristics.

List of Models

| Model |
|-----------------|
| E5CD-RX2ADM-800 |
| E5CD-RX2DDM-800 |
| E5CD-RX2ADM-802 |
| E5CD-RX2DDM-802 |
| E5CD-QX2ADM-800 |
| E5CD-QX2DDM-800 |
| E5CD-QX2ADM-802 |
| E5CD-QX2DDM-802 |
| |

Optional Products (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers

| Model |
|------------------|
| E53-COV17 |
| E53-COV23 (3pcs) |

Note: The E53-COV10 cannot be used.

Refer to page 13 for the mounted dimensions.

Waterproof Packing

| Model | |
|---------|--|
| Y92S-P8 | |

Note: This Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital

Temperature Controller.

Current Transformers (CTs)

| Hole diameter | Model |
|---------------|-----------|
| 5.8 mm | E54-CT1 |
| 5.8 mm | E54-CT1L* |
| 12.0 mm | E54-CT3 |
| 12.0 mm | E54-CT3L* |

*Lead wires are included with these CTs. If UL certification is required, use these CTs.

Adapter

| Model |
|---------|
| Y92F-45 |

Note: Use this Adapter when the panel has already been prepared for an E5B□ Controller.

Waterproof Cover

| Model | |
|----------|--|
| Y92A-48N | |

Mounting Adapter

| Model | |
|---------|--|
| Y92F-49 | |

Note: This Mounting Adapter is provided with the Digital Temperature

Controller.

DIN Track Mounting Adapter

| • |
|---------|
| Model |
| Y92F-52 |

Front Covers

| Type | Model |
|------------------|----------|
| Hard Front Cover | Y92A-48H |
| Soft Front Cover | Y92A-48D |

Draw-out Jig

| Model | |
|---------|--|
| Y92F-58 | |

Specifications

Ratings

| Power sup | oply voltage | A in model number: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz D in model number: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz; 24 VDC | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Operating | voltage range | 85% to 110% of rated supply voltage | | | |
| Power consumption | | Models with option selection of 800:5.2 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 3.1 VA max. at 24 VAC or 1.6 W max. at 24 VDC All other models: 6.5 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 4.1 VA max. at 24 VAC or 2.3 W max. at 24 VDC | | | |
| Sensor input | | Temperature input Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B, C/W, or PL II Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100 or JPt100 Infrared temperature sensor (ES1B): 10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, or 140 to 260°C Analog input Current input: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA Voltage input: 1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, or 0 to 10 V | | | |
| Input impe | edance | Current input: 150 Ω max., Voltage input: 1 M Ω min. (Use a 1:1 connection when connecting the ES2-HB/THB.) | | | |
| Control m | ethod | ON/OFF control or 2-PID control (with auto-tuning) | | | |
| Control | Relay output | SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum applicable load: 5 V, 10 mA (reference value) | | | |
| Control output | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | Output voltage: 12 VDC ±20% (PNP), max. load current: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit | | | |
| Auxiliary | Number of outputs | 2 | | | |
| output | Output specifications | SPST-NO relay outputs, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load) Electrical life: 100,000 operations, Minimum applicable load: 10 mA at 5 V (reference values) | | | |
| Setting me | ethod | Digital setting using front panel keys | | | |
| Indication | method | 11-segment digital display, individual indicators, and bar display Character height: PV: 14.9 mm, SV: 7.1 mm | | | |
| Multi SP | | Up to eight set points (SP0 to SP7) can be saved and selected using the key operations, or serial communications. | | | |
| Bank swit | ching | None | | | |
| Other functions | | Adaptive control, automatic filter adjustment, water-cooling output adjustment, indication data (power ON time monitor, ambient temperature monitor, and control output ON/OFF count monitors), parameter masking, operation after power ON, manual output, heating/cooling control, loop burnout alarm, SP ramp, other alarm functions, heater burnout (HB) alarm (including SSR failure (HS) alarm), 40% AT, 100% AT, MV limiter, input digital filter, robust tuning, PV input shift, run/stop, protection functions, extraction of square root, MV change rate limit, logic operations, temperature status display, simple programming, moving average of input value, and display brightness setting | | | |
| Ambient operating temperature | | -10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing), For 3-year warranty: -10 to 50°C with standard mounting (with no condensation or icing) | | | |
| Ambient operating humidity | | 25% to 85% | | | |
| Storage temperature | | -25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing) | | | |
| Altitude | | 2,000 m max. | | | |
| Recommended fuse | | T2A, 250 VAC, time-lag, low-breaking capacity Overvoltage category II, Pollution Degree 2 (EN/IEC/UL 61010-1) | | | |
| Recomme | ilueu luse | | | | |

Input Ranges

Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer (Universal inputs)

| Sen: typ | | Р | | m res | | e | | | | | | | Т | hermo | ocoup | le | | | | | | | Infra | red te sen | | ature |
|-----------------|----------------|------|--------|-------|--------|-------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|--------|------|-------|-------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Ser specific | nsor cation | | Pt100 | | JPt | 100 | ı | K | | J | | Т | Е | L | ı | J | N | R | s | В | C/W | PLII | 10 to 70°C | 60 to 120°C | 115 to 165°C | 140 to 260°C |
| | 2300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2300 | | | | | |
| | 1800 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1800 | | | | | | |
| | 1700 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1700 | 1700 | | | | | | | |
| | 1600 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1400 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ତ | 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | | | | | | | | | | 1300 | | | | | 1300 | | | | |
| range (°C) | 1200 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ge | 1100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ä | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ē | 900 | 850 | | | | | | | 850 | | | | | 850 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ₫ | 800 | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 97.0 | 700 | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ě | 600 | _ | | | | | | | | | | | 600 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature | 500 | _ | 500.0 | | 500.0 | | | 500.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | 400 | _ | | | | | | | | 400.0 | 400 | 400.0 | | | 400 | 400.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 300 | _ | | | | | \sqcup | | | | - | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | 260 |
| | 200 | | | | | | H | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | 120 | 165 | |
| | 100 | -11- | | 100.0 | | 100.0 | \sqcup | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 90 | | | |
| | 0 | -11- | | | | | \sqcup | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | -100 | -11- | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | H + | 20.0 | 400 | 20.0 | | | | 400 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | -200 | 000 | 4000 | | 400.0 | | 200 | -20.0 | -100 | -20.0 | 200 | 100.0 | | -100 | 000 | 400.0 | 000 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | -200 | -199.9 | | -199.9 | | -200 | - | | | -200 | -199.9 | -200 | | -200 | -199.9 | -200 | | 7.3 | | | | | | | |
| Set v | alue | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |

Shaded settings are the default settings.

The applicable standards for the input types are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C 1602-2015, IEC 60584-1 JPt100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989

L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997, IEC 60751

U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 PL II: According to Platinel II electromotive force charts from BASF (previously Engelhard)

C/W: W5Re/W26Re, JIS C1602-2015, ASTM E988-1990

Analog input

| 5 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------|----------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Input type | Cur | rent | Voltage | | | | | | | |
| Input specification | 4 to 20 mA | 0 to 20 mA | 1 to 5 V | 0 to 5 V | 0 to 10 V | | | | | |
| Setting range | Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999, -199.9 to 999.9, -19.99 to 99.99 or -1.999 to 9.999 | | | | | | | | | |
| Set value | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | | | | | |

Alarm Types

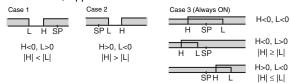
Each alarm can be independently set to one of the following 17 alarm types. The default is 2: Upper limit. (see note.)

Auxiliary outputs are allocated for alarms. ON delays and OFF delays (0 to 999 s) can also be specified.

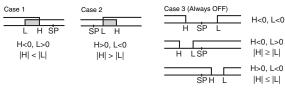
Note: In the default settings for models with HB or HS alarms, alarm 1 is set to a heater alarm (HA) and the Alarm Type 1 parameter is not displayed. To use alarm 1, set the output assignment to alarm 1.

| 0-4 | | Alarm outp | ut operation | Description of function | | |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Set value | Alarm type | When alarm value X is positive | When alarm value X is negative | | | |
| 0 | Alarm function OFF | Outpu | t OFF | No alarm | | |
| 1 | Upper- and lower-limit *1 | ON SP PV | *2 | Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is outside this deviation range. | | |
| 2 (default) | Upper-limit | ON OFF SP PV | ON OFF SP PV | Set the upward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is higher than the SP by the deviation or more. | | |
| 3 | Lower-limit | ON X P | ON OFF SP PV | Set the downward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is lower than the SP by the deviation or more. | | |
| 4 | Upper- and lower-limit range *1 | ON → L H ← PV | *3 | Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is inside this deviation range. | | |
| 5 | Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence *1 | ON L H PV | *4 | A standby sequence is added to the upper- and lower-limit alarm (1). *6 | | |
| 6 | Upper-limit with standby sequence | ON X PV | ON X ← PV | A standby sequence is added to the upper-limit alarm (2). *6 | | |
| 7 | Lower-limit with standby sequence | ON X PPV | ON X PV | A standby sequence is added to the lower-limit alarm (3). *6 | | |
| 8 | Absolute-value upper- limit | ON OFF 0 PV | ON ←X→ PV | The alarm will turn ON if the process value is larger than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point. | | |
| 9 | Absolute-value lower-limit | ON → X→ PV OFF | ON OFF | The alarm will turn ON if the process value is smaller than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point. | | |
| 10 | Absolute-value upper- limit with standby sequence | ON OFF 0 PV | ON OFF OPPV | A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value upper-limit alarm (8). *6 | | |
| 11 | Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence | ON OFF 0 PV | ON OFF O PV | A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value lower-limit alarm (9). * 6 | | |
| 12 | LBA (alarm 1 type only) | | - | *7 | | |
| 13 | PV change rate alarm | | - | *8 | | |
| 14 | SP absolute-value upper-limit alarm | ON OFF O | ON ←X→ SP | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is higher than the alarm value (X). | | |
| 15 | SP absolute-value lower-limit alarm | ON ←X→ OFF 0 SP | ON OFF SP | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is lower than the alarm value (X). | | |
| 16 | MV absolute-value upper-limit alarm *9 | Standard Control ON OFF OFF O Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV) | Standard Control ON OFF MV Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV) | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is higher than the alarm value (X). | | |
| | | ON OFF 0 MV | Always ON | | | |
| | MV-shaplida | Standard Control ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF | Standard Control ON OFF OFF OM OFF | This clays have have ON the clays the state of the | | |
| 17 | MV absolute-value lower-limit alarm *9 | Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV) | Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV) | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is lower than the alarm value (X). | | |
| | | OFF 0 MV | Always ON | | | |

- *1. With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H.'
- *2. Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm



*3. Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range



- *4. Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence For Upper- and Lower-Limit Alarm Described Above *2
 - Case 1 and 2

Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.

- Case 3: Always OFF
- *5. Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis
- ***6.** Refer to the E5□D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224) for information on the operation of the standby sequence
- ***7.** Refer to the E5□D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No.H224) for information on the loop burnout alarm (LBA).
- *8. Refer to the E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224) for information on the PV change rate alarm.
- *9. When heating/cooling control is performed, the MV absolute upper limit alarm functions only for the heating operation and the MV absolute lower limit alarm functions only for the cooling operation.



Characteristics

| Indication a (at the amb temperatur | ient | Thermocouple: $(\pm 0.3\%$ of indication value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. $\star 1$ Platinum resistance thermometer: $(\pm 0.2\%$ of indication value or $\pm 0.8^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Analog input: $\pm 0.2\%$ FS ± 1 digit max. CT input: $\pm 5\%$ FS ± 1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Influence o *2 | f temperature | Thermocouple input (R, S, B, C/W, PL II): (±1% of indication value or ±10°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. Other thermocouple input: (±1% of indication value or ±4°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. *3 Platinum resistance thermoeter: (±1% of indication value or ±2°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
| Influence o | f voltage *2 | | | | | | | | |
| Influence o (at EN 6132 | | Analog input: ±1%FS ±1 digit max. CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
| Input samp | ling period | 50 ms | | | | | | | |
| Hysteresis | | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.01% to 99.99% FS (in units of 0.01% FS) | | | | | | | |
| Proportion | al band (P) | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS) | | | | | | | |
| Integral tim | ne (I) | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Derivative t | time (D) | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Proportion cooling | al band (P) for | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS) | | | | | | | |
| Integral tim | e (I) for cooling | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Derivative to cooling | time (D) for | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| | SP response proportional band | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) | | | | | | | |
| | SP response integral time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| For adaptive | SP response derivative time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| control | Disturbance proportional band | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) | | | | | | | |
| | Disturbance integral time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s)*4 | | | | | | | |
| | Disturbance derivative time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Control per | riod | 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s) | | | | | | | |
| Manual res | et value | 0.0 to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%) | | | | | | | |
| Alarm setti | • | -1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type) | | | | | | | |
| Influence o resistance | f signal source | Thermocouple: $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}/\Omega$ max. (100 Ω max.) Platinum resistance thermometer: $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}/\Omega$ max. (10 Ω max.) | | | | | | | |
| Insulation resistance | | 20 M $Ω$ min. (at 500 VDC) | | | | | | | |
| Dielectric strength | | 3,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between terminals of different charge | | | | | | | |
| Vibration Malfunction Resistance | | 10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 10 min each in X, Y, and Z directions 10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 2 hrs each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Chast | Malfunction | 100 m/s², 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Shock | Resistance | 300 m/s², 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Weight | | Controller: Approx. 120 g, Mounting Adapter: Approx. 10 g | | | | | | | |
| Degree of protection | | Front panel: IP66, Rear case: IP20, Terminals: IP00 | | | | | | | |
| Memory pr | otection | Non-volatile memory (number of writes: 1,000,000 times) | | | | | | | |
| Standards | Approved standards | cULus: UL 61010-1/CSA C22.2 No.61010-1, Korean wireless regulations (Radio law: KC Mark) | | | | | | | |
| Standards | Conformed standards | EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1) and RCM standards | | | | | | | |
| ated. The arrival | ootion coouroou | of K they managed late in the 200 to 1.200°C range. T and N they managed late temperature of 100°C may, and I l | | | | | | | |

^{*1.} The indication accuracy of K thermocouples in the –200 to 1,300°C range, T and N thermocouples at a temperature of –100°C max., and U and L thermocouples at any temperatures is ±2°C ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of the B thermocouple at a temperature of 400°C max. is not specified. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400 to 800°C is ±3°C max. The indication accuracy of the R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C max. is ± 3 °C ± 1 digit max. The indication accuracy of C/W thermocouples is $(\pm 0.3\%)$ of PV or ±3°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of PL II thermocouples is (±0.3% of PV or ±2°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.

*2. Ambient temperature: -10°C to 23°C to 55°C, Voltage range: -15% to 10% of rated voltage

^{*3.} K thermocouple at -100°C max.: ±10°C max.

^{*4.} The unit is determined by the setting of the Integral/Derivative Time Unit parameter.

| ЕМС | EMI: Radiated Interference Electromagnetic Field Strength: Noise Terminal Voltage: EMS: ESD Immunity: Electromagnetic Field Immunity: Burst Noise Immunity: Conducted Disturbance Immunity: | EN 61326-1 *5 EN 55011 Group 1, class A EN 55011 Group 1, class A EN 61326-1 *5 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-6 EN 61000-4-6 |
|-----|---|---|
| | Conducted Disturbance Immunity: Surge Immunity: | EN 61000-4-6 EN 61000-4-5 |
| | Voltage Dip/Interrupting Immunity: | EN 61000-4-11 |

^{*5.} Industrial electromagnetic environment (EN/IEC 61326-1 Table 2)



Communications Specifications

| | - | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Transmission line connection method | RS-485: Multidrop | | | | | |
| Communications | RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex) | | | | | |
| Synchronization method | Start-stop synchronization | | | | | |
| Protocol | CompoWay/F, or Modbus | | | | | |
| Baud rate * | 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, or 115,200 bps | | | | | |
| Transmission code | ASCII | | | | | |
| Data bit length * | 7 or 8 bits | | | | | |
| Stop bit length * | 1 or 2 bits | | | | | |
| Error detection | Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Block check character (BCC) with CompoWay/F or CRC-16 Modbus | | | | | |
| Flow control | None | | | | | |
| Interface | RS-485 | | | | | |
| Retry function | None | | | | | |
| Communications buffer | 217 bytes | | | | | |
| Communications response wait time | 0 to 99 ms Default: 20 ms | | | | | |

^{*}The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, and vertical parity can be individually set using the Communications Setting Level.

Communications Functions

| Programless communications | You can use the memory in the PLC to read and write E5CD-800 parameters, start and stop operation, etc. The E5CD-800 automatically performs communications with PLCs. No communications programming is required. Number of connected Digital Temperature Controllers; 32 max. (Up to 16 for the FX3) Applicable PLCs OMRON PLCs CS Series, CJ Series, CP Series, NJ Series, or NX1P Mitsubishi Electric PLCs KEYENCE PLCs KEYENCE KV Series | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Copying * | When Digital Temperature Controllers are connected, the parameters can be copied from the Digital Temperature Controller that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves. | | | | | |

MELSEC is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. KEYENCE is a registered trademark of Keyence Corporation. *Programless communications supports the copying function.

Current Transformer (Order Separately) Ratings

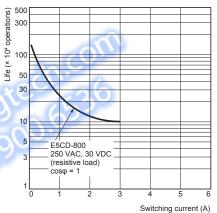
| | E54-CT1 E54-CT3 | E54-CT1L E54-CT3L | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Dielectric strength | 1,000 VAC for 1 min | 1,500 VAC for 1 min | | | | |
| Vibration resistance | 50 Hz, 98 m/s ² | | | | | |
| Weight | E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g | E54-CT1L: Approx. 14 g E54-CT3L: Approx. 57 g | | | | |
| Accessories | E54-CT3 Only Armatures (2) Plugs (2) | None | | | | |

Heater Burnout Alarms and SSR Failure Alarms

| CT input (for heater current detection) | Models with detection for single-phase heaters: One input | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Maximum heater current | 50 A AC | | | | |
| Input current indication accuracy | ±5% FS ±1 digit max. | | | | |
| Heater burnout alarm setting range *1 | 0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection ON time: 100 ms *3 | | | | |
| SSR failure alarm setting range *2 | 0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection OFF time: 100 ms *4 | | | | |

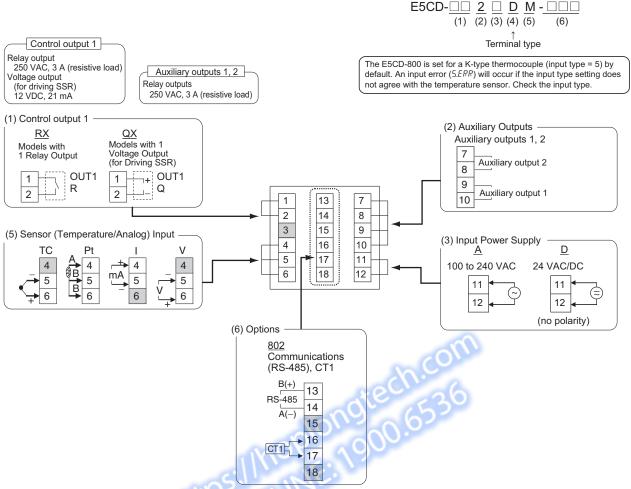
- *1. For heater burnout alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is ON, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is lower than the set value (i.e., heater burnout detection current value).
- *2. For SSR failure alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is OFF, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is higher than the set value (i.e., SSR failure detection current value).
- ***3.** The value is 30 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.
- ***4.** The value is 38 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Control Output Relay (Reference Values)



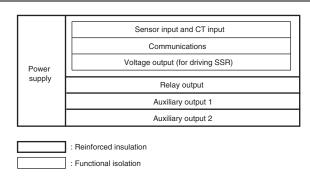
External Connections

E5CD-800



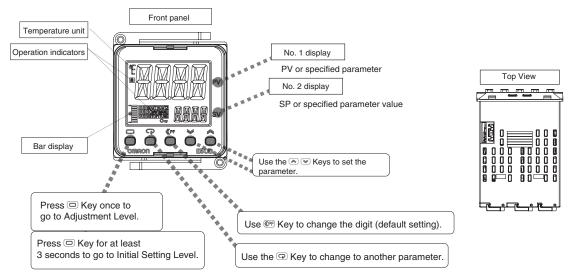
- Note: 1. The application of the terminals depends on the model.
 - 2. Do not wire the terminals that are shown with a gray background.
 - 3. When complying with EMC standards, the cable that connects the sensor must be 30 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 30 m, compliance with EMC standards will not be possible.
 - 4. Connect M3 crimped terminals.
 - 5. Due to UL Listing requirements, use the E54-CT1L or E54-CT3L Current Transformer with the factory wiring (internal wiring). Use a UL category XOBA or XOBA7 current transformer that is UL Listed for field wiring (external wiring) and not the factory wiring (internal wiring).

Isolation/Insulation Block Diagrams



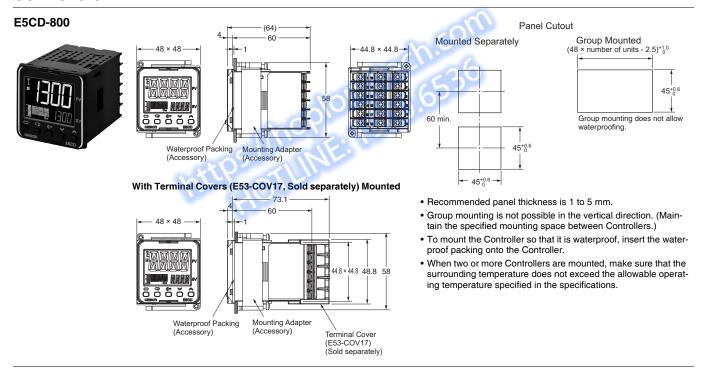
Nomenclature

E5CD-800



Dimensions (Unit: mm)

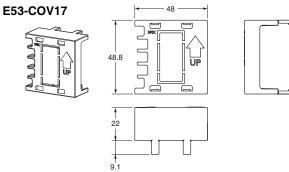
Controllers



E5CD-800

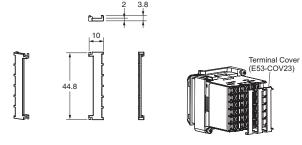
Accessories (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers



Terminal Covers

E53-COV23 (Three Covers provided.)



Waterproof Packing Y92S-P8 (for DIN 48 × 48)

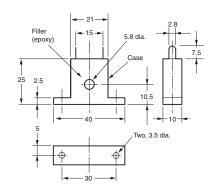


The Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller. Order the Waterproof Packing separately if it becomes lost or damaged. The Waterproof Packing can be used to achieve an IP66 degree of protection. (Deterioration, shrinking, or hardening of the waterproof packing may occur depending on the operating environment. Therefore, periodic replacement is recommended to ensure the level of waterproofing specified in IP66. The time for periodic replacement depends on the operating environment. Be sure to confirm this point at your site. Consider three years as rough standard.)

Current Transformers

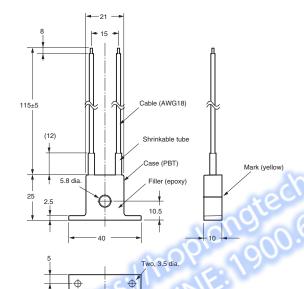
E54-CT1





E54-CT1L

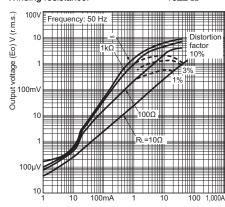




Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT1 or E54-CT1L

Maximum continuous heater current: 50 A (50/60 Hz)

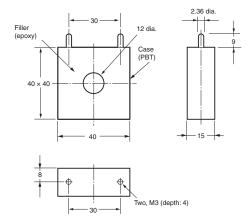
Number of windings: 400 ± 2 Winding resistance: 18 $\pm 2~\Omega$



Thru-current (Io) A (r.m.s.)

E54-CT3

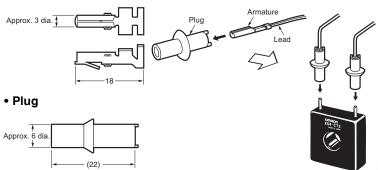




E54-CT3 Accessories

• Armature

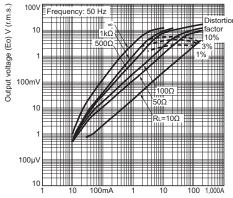
Connection Example



Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT3 or E54-CT3L

Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz) (Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Digital Temperature Controller is 50 A.)

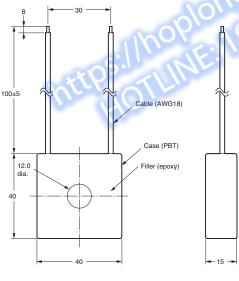
Number of windings: 400 ± 2 Winding resistance: $8\pm0.8~\Omega$

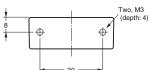


Thru-current (lo) A (r.m.s.)

E54-CT3L





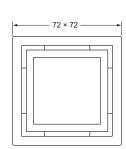


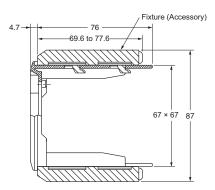
Adapter

Y92F-45

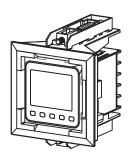
- **Note: 1.** Use this Adapter when the Front Panel has already been prepared for the E5B \square .
 - 2. Only black is available.
 - 3. You cannot use it together with the Y92F-49 Adapter that is enclosed with the Controller.

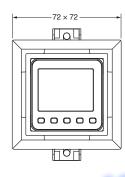


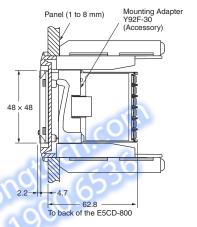




Mounting Example



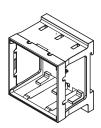


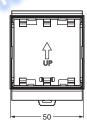


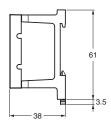
DIN Track Mounting Adapter

Y92F-52

Note: This Adapter cannot be used together with the Terminal Cover. Remove the Terminal Cover to use the Adapter.





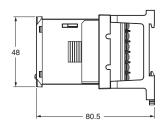


This Adapter is used to mount the E5CD-800 to a DIN Track. If you use the Adapter, there is no need for a plate to mount in the panel or to drill mounting holes in the panel.

Mounting Example

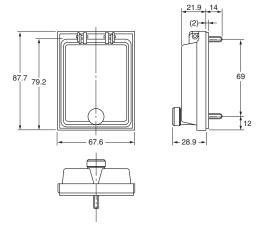






E5CD-800

Waterproof Cover Y92A-48N



Mounting Adapter Y92F-49



The Mounting Adapter is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller. Order this Adapter separately if it becomes lost or damaged.

Front Cover

Y92A-48D

Note: This Front Cover cannot be used if the Waterproof Packing is installed.



This Front Cover is soft type. It is able to operate the controller with using this cover.

Front Cover Y92A-48H

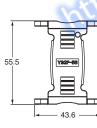


This Front Cover is hard type. Please use it for the mis-operation prevention etc.

Draw-out Jig Y92F-58

Use this Draw-out Jig to remove the interior body of the Digital Temperature Controller from the case to perform maintenance without removing the terminal wiring.









| MEMO |
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Digital Temperature Controller (Simple Type)

E5ED-800 (48 × 96 mm)

Optimize Control by Detecting Status Changes. Easily Satisfy Both Productivity and Quality.

- Automatic optimization of control for changes in systems (Adaptive Control).
- Functions specialized for packaging machines (Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines and Automatic Filter Adjustment).
- Function specialized for water-cooled extruders (Water-cooling Output Adjustment).
- Indication data (Power ON Time, Ambient Temperature, and Output ON/OFF Count).
- Basic performance is same as the E5□C-800 standard models.
- Draw-out structure for easy maintenance.











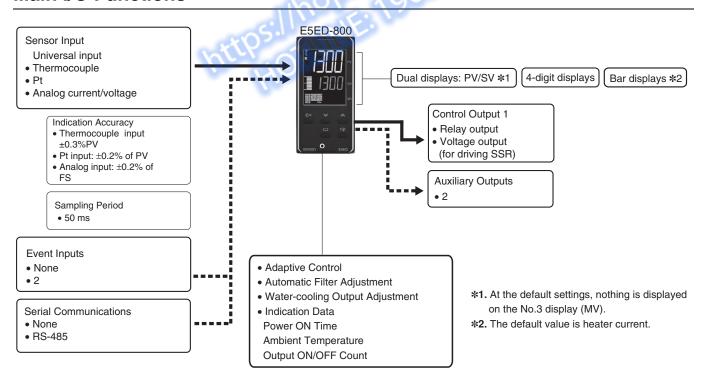
48 × 96 mm

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.



Refer to Safety Precautions on 39.

Main I/O Functions



This datasheet is provided as a guideline for selecting products.

Be sure to refer to the following manuals for application precautions and other information required for operation before attempting to use the product.

E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224)

E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers Communications Manual (Cat. No. H225)

Model Number Legend and Standard Models

Model Number Legend

(Example: E5ED-RX2ADM-800)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | (5) | 6 | | | |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|---|------------------|--|
| Model | Control outputs 1 and 2 | No. of auxiliary outputs | Power supply voltage | Terminal type | Input type | Options | Meaning | | |
| E5ED | | | | | | | 48 × 96 mm | | |
| | | | | | | | Control output 1 | Control output 2 | |
| | RX | | | | | | Relay output | None | |
| | QX | | | | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | None | |
| | | 2 | | | | | 2 independent ou | itputs | |
| | | | Α | | | | 100 to 240 VA | VC | |
| | | | D | | | | 24 VAC/DC | | |
| | | | | D | | | Screw terminal blocks, draw-out structure | | |
| | | | | • | М | | Universal input | | |
| | | | | | | | LIB I | | |

| | HB alarm and HS alarm | Communications | Event inputs | | |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| 800 | | | | | |
| 808 | 1 | RS-485 | 2 | | |

Heating and Cooling Control Using Heating and Cooling Control

1) Control Output Assignment

An auxiliary output is used as the cooling control output.

(2) Control

If PID control is used, you can set PID control separately for heating and cooling.

This allows you to handle control systems with different heating and cooling response characteristics.

List of Models

| Model |
|-----------------|
| E5ED-RX2ADM-800 |
| E5ED-RX2DDM-800 |
| E5ED-RX2ADM-808 |
| E5ED-RX2DDM-808 |
| E5ED-QX2ADM-800 |
| E5ED-QX2DDM-800 |
| E5ED-QX2ADM-808 |
| E5ED-QX2DDM-808 |

Optional Products (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers

| Model | |
|------------------|--|
| E53-COV24 (3pcs) | |
| | |

Waterproof Packing

| Model | |
|---------|--|
| Y92S-P9 | |

Note: This Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Waterproof Cover

| Model |
|----------|
| Y92A-49N |

Mounting Adapter

| Model | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Y92F-51 (2pcs) | | | | | | |

Note: This Mounting Adapter is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Current Transformers (CTs)

| | ` ' |
|---------------|-----------|
| Hole diameter | Model |
| 5.8 mm | E54-CT1 |
| 5.8 mm | E54-CT1L* |
| 12.0 mm | E54-CT3 |
| 12.0 mm | E54-CT3L* |

*Lead wires are included with these CTs. If UL certification is required, use these CTs.

Draw-out Jig

| Model |
|---------|
| Y92F-59 |

E5ED-800

Specifications

Ratings

| naung | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Power sup | ply voltage | A in model number: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz D in model number: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz; 24 VDC | | | | | | | |
| Operating | voltage range | 85% to 110% of rated supply voltage | | | | | | | |
| Power cor | sumption | Models with option selection of 800: 6.6 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 4.1 VA max. at 24 VAC or 2.3 W max. at 24 VDC All other models: 8.3 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 5.5 VA max. at 24 VAC or 3.2 W max. at 24 VDC | | | | | | | |
| Sensor input | | Temperature input Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B, C/W, or PL II Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100 or JPt100 Infrared temperature sensor (ES1B): 10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, or 140 to 260°C Analog input Current input: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA Voltage input: 1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, or 0 to 10 V | | | | | | | |
| Input impe | edance | Current input: 150 Ω max., Voltage input: 1 M Ω min. (Use a 1:1 connection when connecting the ES2-HB/THB.) | | | | | | | |
| Control m | ethod | ON/OFF control or 2-PID control (with auto-tuning) | | | | | | | |
| Control | Relay output | SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 5 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum applicable load: 5 V, 10 mA (reference value) | | | | | | | |
| output | Output voltage: 12 VDC ±20% (PNP), max. load current: 40 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit | | | | | | | | |
| Auxiliary | Number of outputs | 2 | | | | | | | |
| output | Output specifications | SPST-NO relay outputs, 250 VAC, 2 A (resistive load) Electrical life: 100,000 operations, Minimum applicable load: 10 mA at 5 V (reference values) | | | | | | | |
| F | Number of inputs | 2 | | | | | | | |
| Event input | External | Contact input: ON: 1 k Ω max., OFF: 100 k Ω min. | | | | | | | |
| IIIput | contact input | Non-contact input: ON: Residual voltage: 1.5 V max., OFF: Leakage current: 0.1 mA max. | | | | | | | |
| | specifications | Current flow: Approx. 7 mA per contact | | | | | | | |
| Setting me | ethod | Digital setting using front panel keys | | | | | | | |
| Indication | method | 11-segment digital display, individual indicators, and bar display Character height: PV: 18.0 mm, SV: 11.0 mm, MV: 7.8 mm Three displays Contents: PV/SV/MV, PV/SV/Multi-SP, PV/SV/Remaining soak time, etc. Numbers of digits: 4 digits each for PV, SV, and MV displays | | | | | | | |
| Multi SP | | Up to eight set points (SP0 to SP7) can be saved and selected using the event inputs, key operations, or serial communications. | | | | | | | |
| Bank swite | ching | None | | | | | | | |
| Other functions | | Adaptive control, automatic filter adjustment, water-cooling output adjustment, indication data (power ON time monitor, ambient temperature monitor, and control output ON/OFF count monitors), parameter masking, operation after power ON, manual output, heating/cooling control, loop burnout alarm, SP ramp, other alarm functions, heater burnout (HB) alarm (including SSR failure (HS) alarm), 40% AT, 100% AT, MV limiter, input digital filter, robust tuning, PV input shift, run/stop, protection functions, extraction of square root, MV change rate limit, logic operations, temperature status display, simple programming, moving average of input value, and display brightness setting | | | | | | | |
| Ambient o temperatu | re | -10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing),For 3-year warranty: −10 to 50°C with standard mounting (with no condensation or icing) | | | | | | | |
| Ambient o humidity | - | 25% to 85% | | | | | | | |
| Storage te | mperature | -25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing) | | | | | | | |
| Altitude | | 2,000 m max. | | | | | | | |
| Recomme | nded fuse | T2A, 250 VAC, time-lag, low-breaking capacity | | | | | | | |
| Installation | n environment | Overvoltage category II, Pollution Degree 2 (EN/IEC/UL 61010-1) | | | | | | | |
| | | · | | | | | | | |

Input Ranges

Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer (Universal inputs)

| Sensor type | P | latinu the | m res | | е | | | | | | | Т | herm | ocoup | ole | | | | | | | Infra | red te sen | | ature |
|---|------|---------------|-------|--------|-------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|--------|------|------|-------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Sensor specification | | Pt100 |) | JPt | 100 | ı | K | | J | • | Т | E | L | ı | IJ | N | R | s | В | C/W | PLII | 10 to 70°C | 60 to 120°C | 115 to 165°C | 140 to 260°C |
| 2300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2300 | | | | | |
| 1800 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1800 | | | | | | |
| 1700 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1700 | 1700 | | | | | | | |
| 1600 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1400 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | | | | | | | | | | 1300 | | | | | 1300 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| range (°C) 1200 1000 1000 900 | 850 | | | | | | | 850 | | | | | 850 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 700 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature 000 000 000 000 | | | | | | | | | | | | 600 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>e</u> 500 | H - | 500.0 | | 500.0 | | \sqcup | 500.0 | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ون ₄₀₀ | H - | | | | | \sqcup | | | 400.0 | 400 | 400.0 | _ | | 400 | 400.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 260 |
| 200 | H - | | | | | \sqcup | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | 120 | 165 | |
| 100 | | | 100.0 | | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 90 | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -100 | - | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | Ш | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -200 | | | | | | | -20.0 | -100 | -20.0 | | | | -100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | -200 | -199.9 | | -199.9 | | -200 | | | | -200 | -199.9 | -200 | | -200 | -199.9 | -200 | | | | | | | | | |
| Set value | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |

Shaded settings are the default settings.

The applicable standards for the input types are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C 1602-2015, IEC 60584-1 JPt100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997, IEC 60751

U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 PL II: According to Platinel II electromotive force charts from BASF (previously Engelhard)

C/W: W5Re/W26Re, JIS C1602-2015, ASTM E988-1990

Analog input

| Input type | Cur | rent | Voltage | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------|----------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Input specification | 4 to 20 mA | 0 to 20 mA | 1 to 5 V | 0 to 5 V | 0 to 10 V | | | | |
| Setting range | Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999, -199.9 to 999.9, -19.99 to 99.99 or -1.999 to 9.999 | | | | | | | | |
| Set value | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | | | | |

Alarm Types

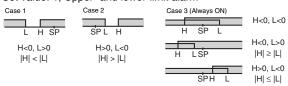
Each alarm can be independently set to one of the following 17 alarm types. The default is 2: Upper limit. (see note.)

Auxiliary outputs are allocated for alarms. ON delays and OFF delays (0 to 999 s) can also be specified.

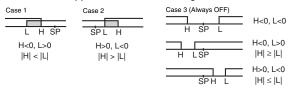
Note: In the default settings for models with HB or HS alarms, alarm 1 is set to a heater alarm (HA) and the Alarm Type 1 parameter is not displayed. To use alarm 1, set the output assignment to alarm 1.

| 0-4 | | Alarm outpu | ut operation | |
|----------------|---|---|--|--|
| Set value | Alarm type | When alarm value X is positive | When alarm value X is negative | Description of function |
| 0 | Alarm function OFF | Outpu | t OFF | No alarm |
| 1 | Upper- and lower-limit *1 | ON → L H ← PV | *2 | Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is outside this deviation range. |
| 2 (default) | Upper-limit | ON X PV | ON X - PV | Set the upward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is higher than the SP by the deviation or more. |
| 3 | Lower-limit | ON X PV | ON OFF SP PV | Set the downward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is lower than the SP by the deviation or more. |
| 4 | Upper- and lower-limit range *1 | ON → L H ← PV | *3 | Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is inside this deviation range. |
| 5 | Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence *1 | ON DE SP PV | *4 | A standby sequence is added to the upper- and lower-limit alarm (1). *6 |
| 6 | Upper-limit with standby sequence | ON OFF SP PV | ON X + PV | A standby sequence is added to the upper-limit alarm (2). *6 |
| 7 | Lower-limit with standby sequence | ON X PV | ON X P | A standby sequence is added to the lower-limit alarm (3). *6 |
| 8 | Absolute-value upper- limit | ON OFF 0 PV | ON PV | The alarm will turn ON if the process value is larger than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point. |
| 9 | Absolute-value lower-limit | ON OFF 0 PV | ON OFF O PV | The alarm will turn ON if the process value is smaller than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point. |
| 10 | Absolute-value upper- limit with standby sequence | ON OFF 0 PV | ON OFF 0 PV | A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value upper-limit alarm (8). *6 |
| 11 | Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence | ON OFF 0 PV | ON OFF O PV | A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value lower-limit alarm (9). * 6 |
| 12 | LBA (alarm 1 type only) | | - | *7 |
| 13 | PV change rate alarm | | - | *8 |
| 14 | SP absolute-value upper-limit alarm | ON OFF O | ON ←X→ SP | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is higher than the alarm value (X). |
| 15 | SP absolute-value lower-limit alarm | ON OFF 0 SP | ON OFF SP | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is lower than the alarm value (X). |
| 16 | MV absolute-value upper-limit alarm *9 | Standard Control ON OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON | Standard Control ON OFF OFF Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV) Always ON | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is higher than the alarm value (X). |
| 17 | MV absolute-value lower-limit alarm *9 | Standard Control ON OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF ON | Standard Control ON OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON | This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is lower than the alarm value (X). |
| | | 0 | Always ON | |

- *1. With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H."
- *2. Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm



*3. Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range



- ***4.** Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence For Upper- and Lower-Limit Alarm Described Above *2
 - Case 1 and 2

Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.

• Case 3: Always OFF

- ***5.** Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.
- ***6.** Refer to the *E5*□*D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual* (Cat. No. H224) for information on the operation of the standby sequence.
- ***7.** Refer to the *E5*□*D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual* (Cat. No.H224) for information on the loop burnout alarm (LBA).
- ***8.** Refer to the *E5* □ *D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual* (Cat. No. H224) for information on the PV change rate alarm.
- *9. When heating/cooling control is performed, the MV absolute upper limit alarm functions only for the heating operation and the MV absolute lower limit alarm functions only for the cooling operation.



Characteristics

| Cilaiaci | iei istics | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Indication a (at the amb temperatur | ient | Thermocouple: (±0.3% of indication value or ±1°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. *1 Platinum resistance thermometer: (±0.2% of indication value or ±0.8°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. Analog input: ±0.2% FS ±1 digit max. CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
| Influence o *2 | f temperature | Thermocouple input (R, S, B, C/W, PL II): $(\pm 1\%$ of indication value or $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Other thermocouple input: $(\pm 1\%$ of indication value or $\pm 4^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *3 | | | | | | | |
| Influence o | f voltage *2 | Platinum resistance thermometer: ($\pm 1\%$ of indication value or ± 2 °C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
| Influence o (at EN 6132 | | Analog input: ±1%FS ±1 digit max. CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max. | | | | | | | |
| Input samp | ling period | 50 ms | | | | | | | |
| Hysteresis | | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.01% to 99.99% FS (in units of 0.01% FS) | | | | | | | |
| Proportion | al band (P) | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS) | | | | | | | |
| ntegral tim | ne (I) | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Derivative 1 | time (D) | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Proportion cooling | al band (P) for | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS) | | | | | | | |
| ntegral tim | ne (I) for cooling | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Derivative tooling | time (D) for | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| | SP response proportional band | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) | | | | | | | |
| For adaptive control | SP response integral time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| | SP response derivative time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| | Disturbance proportional band | Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) | | | | | | | |
| | Disturbance integral time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s)*4 | | | | | | | |
| | Disturbance derivative time | 0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4 | | | | | | | |
| Control per | riod | 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s) | | | | | | | |
| /lanual res | et value | 0.0 to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%) | | | | | | | |
| Alarm setti | ng range | -1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type) | | | | | | | |
| nfluence o | f signal source | Thermocouple: 0.1° C/ Ω max. (100 Ω max.) Platinum resistance thermometer: 0.1° C/ Ω max. (10 Ω max.) | | | | | | | |
| nsulation i | resistance | 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC) | | | | | | | |
| Dielectric s | trength | 3,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between terminals of different charge | | | | | | | |
| /ibration | Malfunction | 10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s² for 10 min each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| ibi ation | Resistance | 10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s² for 2 hrs each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Shock | Malfunction | 100 m/s², 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Resistance | | 300 m/s², 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions | | | | | | | |
| Neight | | Controller: Approx. 210 g, Mounting Adapter: Approx. 4 g × 2 | | | | | | | |
| Degree of p | protection | Front panel: IP66, Rear case: IP20, Terminals: IP00 | | | | | | | |
| Memory pr | otection | Non-volatile memory (number of writes: 1,000,000 times) | | | | | | | |
| Standards | Approved standards | cULus: UL 61010-1/CSA C22.2 No.61010-1, Korean wireless regulations (Radio law: KC Mark) | | | | | | | |
| | Conformed standards | EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1) and RCM standards | | | | | | | |
| No indi | | f K the among complex in the 200 to 1,200 C years. T and N the among complex at a temporature of 1,00 C may, and | | | | | | | |

^{*1.} The indication accuracy of K thermocouples in the -200 to 1,300°C range, T and N thermocouples at a temperature of -100°C max., and U and L thermocouples at any temperatures is ±2°C ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of the B thermocouple at a temperature of 400°C max. is not specified. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400 to 800°C is ±3°C max. The indication accuracy of the R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C max. is ±3°C ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of C/W thermocouples is (±0.3% of PV or ±3°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of PL II thermocouples is (±0.3% of PV or ±2°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.

^{*2.} Ambient temperature: -10°C to 23°C to 55°C, Voltage range: -15% to 10% of rated voltage

^{*3.} K thermocouple at -100°C max.: ±10°C max.

^{*4.} The unit is determined by the setting of the Integral/Derivative Time Unit parameter.

| | EMI: | EN 61326-1 * 5 |
|-----|--|------------------------------|
| ЕМС | Radiated Interference Electromagnetic Field Streng | h: EN 55011 Group 1, class A |
| | Noise Terminal Voltage: | EN 55011 Group 1, class A |
| | EMS: | EN 61326-1 * 5 |
| | ESD Immunity: | EN 61000-4-2 |
| | Electromagnetic Field Immunity: | EN 61000-4-3 |
| | Burst Noise Immunity: | EN 61000-4-4 |
| | Conducted Disturbance Immunity: | EN 61000-4-6 |
| | Surge Immunity: | EN 61000-4-5 |
| | Voltage Dip/Interrupting Immunity: | EN 61000-4-11 |

^{*5.} Industrial electromagnetic environment (EN/IEC 61326-1 Table 2)



Communications Specifications

| Transmission line connection method | RS-485: Multidrop |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Communications | RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex) |
| Synchronization method | Start-stop synchronization |
| Protocol | CompoWay/F, or Modbus |
| Baud rate * | 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, or 115,200 bps |
| Transmission code | ASCII |
| Data bit length * | 7 or 8 bits |
| Stop bit length * | 1 or 2 bits |
| Error detection | Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Block check character (BCC) with CompoWay/F or CRC-16 Modbus |
| Flow control | None |
| Interface | RS-485 |
| Retry function | None |
| Communications buffer | 217 bytes |
| Communications response wait time | 0 to 99 ms Default: 20 ms |

^{*}The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, and vertical parity can be individually set using the Communications Setting Level.

Communications Functions

| Programless communications | E5ED-800 parameters, st The E5ED-800 automatic communications with PLC programming is required. Number of connected Digital max. (Up to 16 for the FX3) Applicable PLCs OMRON PLCs | CS Series, CJ Series, CP Series, NJ Series, or NX1P MELSEC Q Series, L Series, FX3 Series, or IQ-R Series, FX3 Series, or IQ-R Series |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| | KEYENCE PLCs | KEYENCE KV Series |
| Copying * | When Digital Temperature Controllers are connected, the parameters can be copied from the Digital Temperature Controller that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves. | |

MELSEC is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. KEYENCE is a registered trademark of Keyence Corporation. *Programless communications supports the copying function.

Current Transformer (Order Separately) Ratings

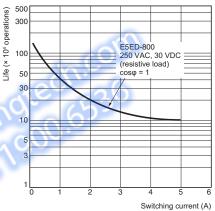
| | E54-CT1 E54-CT3 | E54-CT1L E54-CT3L |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Dielectric strength | 1,000 VAC for 1 min | 1,500 VAC for 1 min |
| Vibration resistance | 50 Hz, 98 m/s ² | |
| Weight | E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g | E54-CT1L: Approx. 14 g E54-CT3L: Approx. 57 g |
| Accessories | E54-CT3 Only Armatures (2) Plugs (2) | None |

Heater Burnout Alarms and SSR Failure Alarms

| CT input (for heater current detection) | Models with detection for single-phase heaters: One input |
|---|---|
| Maximum heater current | 50 A AC |
| Input current indication accuracy | ±5% FS ±1 digit max. |
| Heater burnout alarm setting range *1 | 0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection ON time: 100 ms *3 |
| SSR failure alarm setting range *2 | 0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection OFF time: 100 ms *4 |

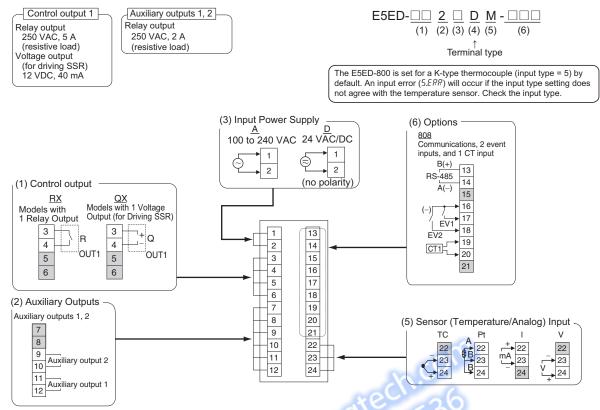
- *1. For heater burnout alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is ON, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is lower than the set value (i.e., heater burnout detection current value).
- *2. For SSR failure alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is OFF, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is higher than the set value (i.e., SSR failure detection current value).
- ***3.** The value is 30 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.
- ***4.** The value is 38 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Control Output Relay (Reference Values)



External Connections

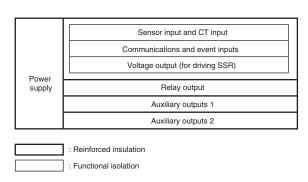
E5ED-800



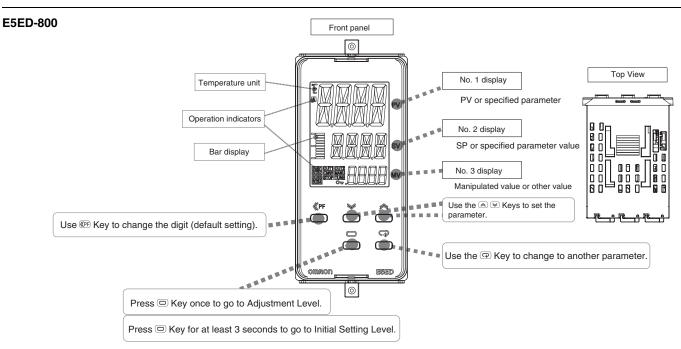
- Note: 1. The application of the terminals depends on the model.
 - 2. Do not wire the terminals that are shown with a gray background.
 - 3. When complying with EMC standards, the cable that connects the sensor must be 30 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 30 m, compliance with EMC standards will not be possible.
 - **4.** Connect M3 crimped terminals.
 - 5. Due to UL Listing requirements, use the E54-CT1L or E54-CT3L Current Transformer with the factory wiring (internal wiring).

 Use a UL category XOBA or XOBA7 current transformer that is UL Listed for field wiring (external wiring) and not the factory wiring (internal wiring).

Isolation/Insulation Block Diagrams

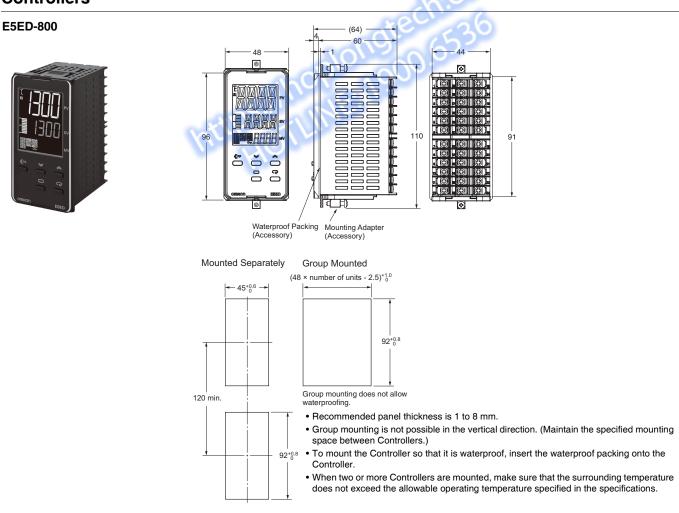


Nomenclature



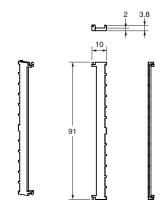
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

Controllers



Accessories (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers E53-COV24 (Three Covers provided.)

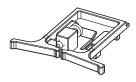


Waterproof Packing Y92S-P9 (for DIN 48 × 96)



The Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller. Order the Waterproof Packing separately if it becomes lost or damaged. The Waterproof Packing can be used to achieve an IP66 degree of protection. (Deterioration, shrinking, or hardening of the waterproof packing may occur depending on the operating environment. Therefore, periodic replacement is recommended to ensure the level of waterproofing specified in IP66. The time for periodic replacement depends on the operating environment. Be sure to confirm this point at your site. Consider three years as a rough standard.)

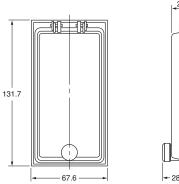
Mounting Adapter Y92F-51 (Two Adapters provided.)

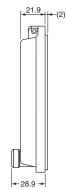


One pair is provided with the Controller. Order this Adapter separately if it becomes lost or damaged.

E5ED-800

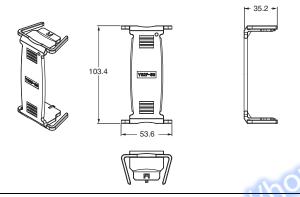
Waterproof Cover Y92A-49N (for DIN 48 × 96)





Draw-out Jig Y92F-59

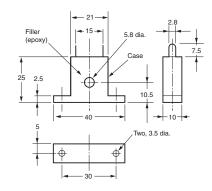
Use this Draw-out Jig to remove the interior body of the Digital Temperature Controller from the case to perform maintenance without removing the terminal wiring.



Current Transformers

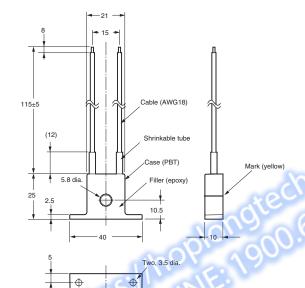
E54-CT1





E54-CT1L

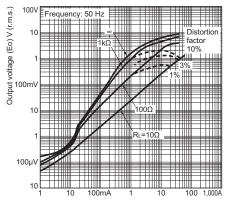




Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT1 or E54-CT1L

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Maximum continuous heater current: & 50 A (50/60 Hz) \\ Number of windings: & 400<math>\pm2 \end{tabular}$

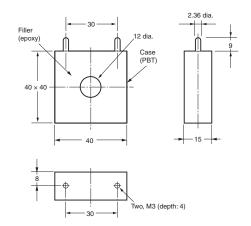
Number of Windings: 400 ± 2 Winding resistance: $18\pm2~\Omega$



Thru-current (Io) A (r.m.s.)

E54-CT3



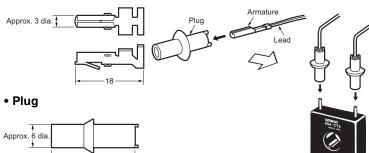


E54-CT3 Accessories

(22)

• Armature

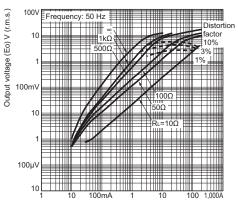
Connection Example



Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT3 or E54-CT3L

Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz) (Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Digital Temperature Controller is 50 A.)

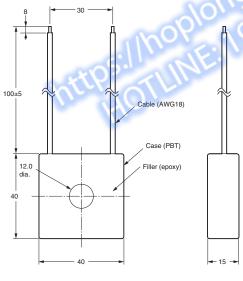
Number of windings: 400 ± 2 Winding resistance: $8\pm0.8~\Omega$

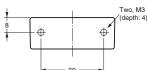


Thru-current (Io) A (r.m.s.)

E54-CT3L



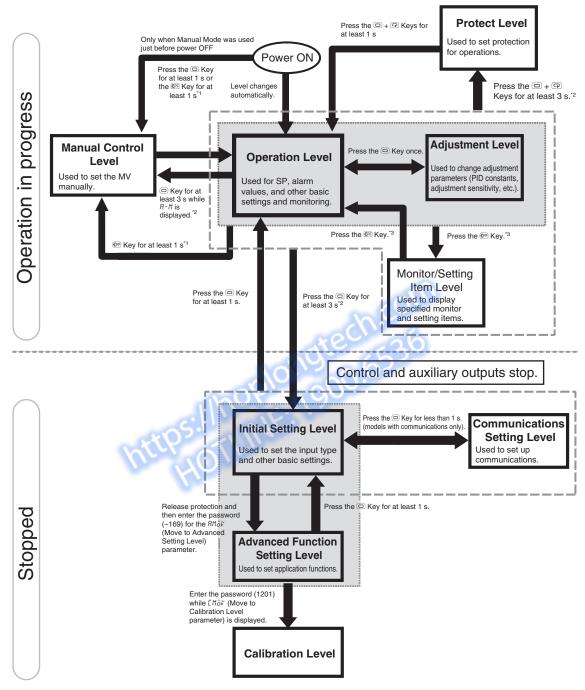




Operation

Setting Levels Diagram

This diagram shows all of the setting levels. To move to the advanced function setting level and calibration level, you must enter passwords. Some parameters are not displayed depending on the protect level setting and the conditions of use. Control stops when you move from the operation level to the initial setting level.

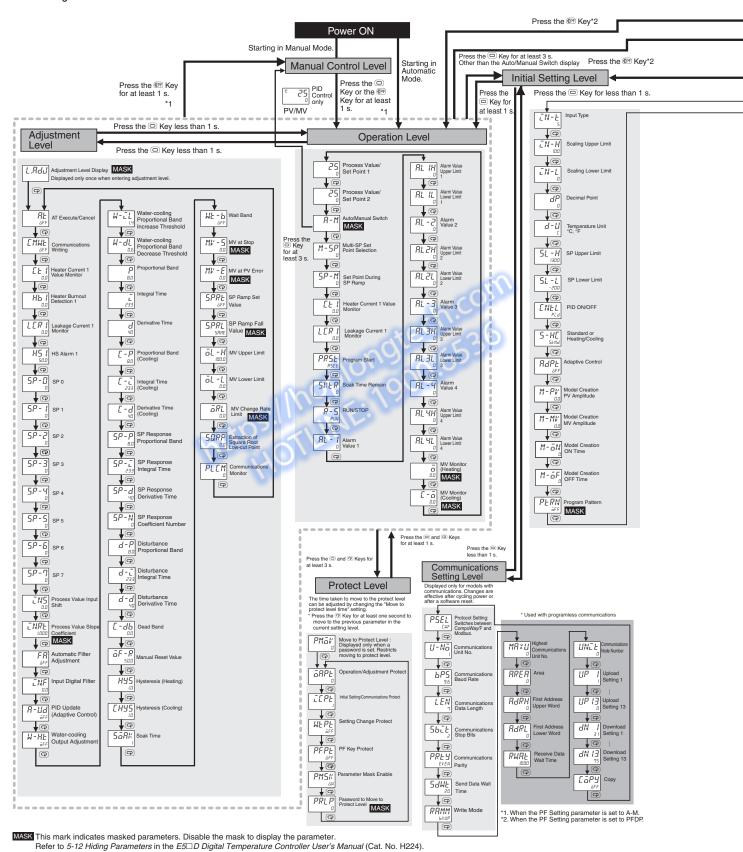


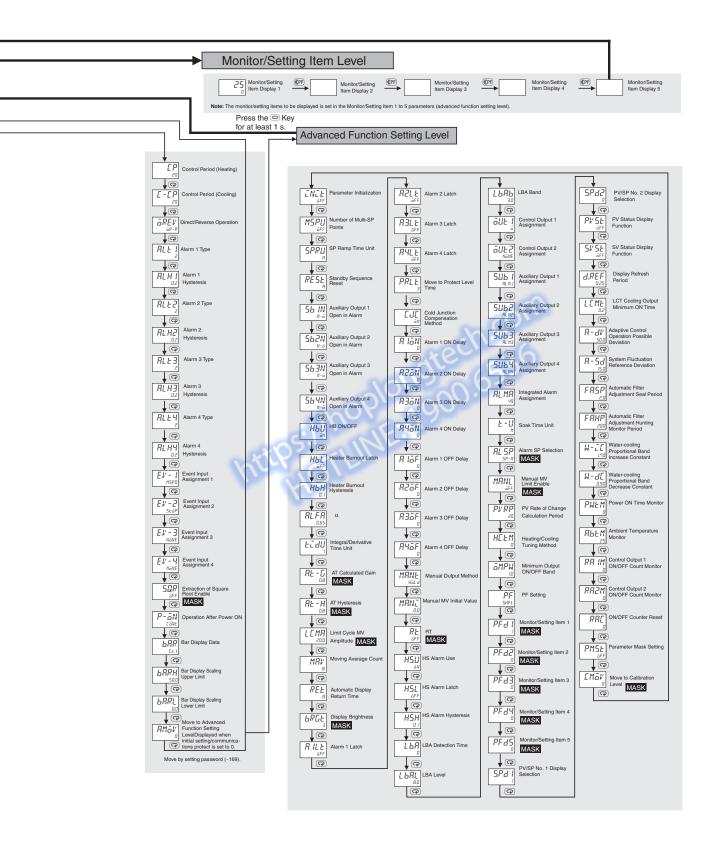
- ***1.** Set the PF Setting parameter to R-M (Auto/Manual).
- *2. The No. 1 display will flash when the keys are pressed for 1 s or longer.
- *3. Set the PF Setting parameter to PFdP (monitor/setting items).

Operation

Parameter Flow

This section describes the parameters set in each level. Pressing the (Mode) Key at the last parameter in each level returns to the top parameter in that level. Hold down the (Wey to move through the parameters in reverse. Some parameters may not be displayed depending on the model and other settings.





E5CD-800/E5ED-800

Error Displays (Troubleshooting)

When an error occurs, the No. 1 display or No. 2 display shows the error code. Take necessary measure according to the error code, referring the following table.

| Display | Name | Meaning The input value exceeded the central | | Action | Operation After the error occurs and it is | | |
|---------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| S.ERR | Input error | range.* The input type is not set correctly. The sensor is disconnected or short-circuited. The sensor is not wired correctly. The sensor is not wired. * Control Range Temperature resistance thermometer or thermocouple input: | | Check the wiring for input to be sure it is wired correctly, not broken, and not shorted. Also check the input type. If there are no problems in the wiring or input type settings, cycle the power supply. If the display remains the same, replace the Digital Temperature Controller. If the display is restored to normal, then the probable cause is external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise. Note: For a temperature resistance thermometer, the input is considered disconnected if the A, B, or B line is broken. | displayed, the alarm output will operate as if the upper limit was exceeded. If an input error is assigned to a control output or auxiliary output, the output will turn ON when the input error occurs. The error message will appear in the display for the PV. Note: 1. The heating and cooling control outputs will turn OFF. 2. When the manual MV, MV at stop, or MV at error is set, the control output is determined by the set value. | | |
| cccc | Display range | Below -1,999 | This is not an error. It is displayed when the control range is wider than the display range and the PV exceeds the display | _ | Control continues and operation is normal. The value will appear in the display for the PV. | | |
| 2222 | exceeded | Above 9,999 | range. The PV is displayed for the range that is given on the left (the number without the decimal point). | tech.com | Refer to the E5 D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224) for information on the controllable range | | |
| E333 | A/D converter error | There is an er circuits. | ror in the internal | After checking the input error, turn the power OFF then back ON again. If the display remains the same, the controller must be repaired. If the display is restored to normal, then a probable cause can be external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise. | The control outputs and auxiliary outputs turn OFF. | | |
| EIII | Memory error | There is an er memory opera | ror in the internal ttion. | First, cycle the power supply. If the display remains the same, the controller must be repaired. If the display is restored to normal, then a probable cause can be external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise. | The control outputs and auxiliary outputs turn OFF. | | |
| FFFF | Overcurrent | This error is displayed when the peak current exceeds 55.0 A. | | - | Control continues and operation is normal. The error message will appear for the following displays. Heater Current Value 1 Monitor Leakage Current Value 1 Monitor | | |
| EE I LER I | HB or HS alarm | | 3 or HS alarm, the No. lash in the relevant | - | The No. 1 display for the following parameter flashes in Operation Leve or Adjustment Level. Heater Current Value 1 Monitor Leakage Current Value 1 Monitor However, control continues and operation is normal. | | |
| | Ambient temperature out of monitor range | following displ | erature exceeded the ay range. unit = °C: -30 to 75°C unit = °F: 10 to 171°F | Make sure that the ambient temperature of the Controller is within the rated range. The following factors may be present. Check them. • The Controller is subjected to heat radiated from heating equipment. • The Controller is subjected to direct sunlight. • The Controller is subjected to icing or condensation. | Control continues and operation is normal. | | |

Safety Precautions

Be sure to read the precautions for all E5CD-800/E5ED-800 models in the website at: http://www.ia.omron.com/.

Warning Indications



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.

Precautions for Safe Use

Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safely.

Precautions for Correct Use

Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to prevent failure to operate, malfunction or undesirable effect on product performance.

Meaning of Product Safety Symbols



Used for general CAUTION, WARNING, or DANGER precautions for which there is no specified symbol. (This symbol is also used as the alerting symbol, but shall not be used in this meaning on the product.)



Used to warn of the risk of electric shock under specific conditions.



Used for general prohibitions for which there is no specific symbol.

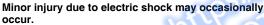


Used to indicate prohibition when there is a risk of minor injury from electrical shock or other source if the product is disassembled.



Used for general mandatory action precautions for which there is no specified symbol.

↑ CAUTION



Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied.



Electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur.

Do not allow metal objects, conductors, debris (such as cuttings) from installation work, moisture, or other foreign matter to enter the Digital Temperature

Controller, the Setup Tool ports, or between the pins on the connectors on the Setup Tool cable.

Attach the cover to the front-panel Setup Tool port whenever you are not using it to prevent foreign objects from entering the port.

Minor injury from explosion may occasionally occur. Do not use the product where subject to flammable or explosive gas.



Minor electric shock or fire may occasionally occur. Do not use a Digital Temperature Controller or cable that is damaged.



Minor electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur.

Never disassemble, modify, or repair the product or touch any of the internal parts.



If the output relays are used past their life expectancy, contact fusing or burning may occasionally occur. Always consider the application conditions and use the output relays within their rated load and electrical life expectancy. The life expectancy of output relays varies considerably with the output load and switching conditions.



Loose screws may occasionally result in fire. Tighten the terminal screws to the specified torque of 0.43 to 0.58 N·m.



Set the parameters of the product so that they are suitable for the system being controlled. If they are not suitable, unexpected operation may occasionally result in property damage or accidents.



A malfunction in the Digital Temperature Controller may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in property damage. To maintain safety in the event of malfunction of the Digital Temperature Controller, take appropriate safety measures, such as installing a monitoring device on a separate line.



∧ Safety Standard

CAUTION - Risk of Fire and Electric Shock

 a) This product is UL listed as Open Type Process Control Equipment. It must be mounted in an enclosure that does not allow fire to escape externally.



- b) More than one disconnect switch may be required to deenergize the equipment before servicing.
- c) Signal inputs are SELV, limited energy.
- d) Caution: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not interconnect the outputs of different Class 2 circuits.²
- *1. An SELV (separated extra-low voltage) system is one with a power supply that has double or reinforced insulation between the primary and the secondary circuits and has an output voltage of 30 V r.m.s. max. and 42.4 V peak max. or 60 VDC max.
- *2. A class 2 circuit is one tested and certified by UL as having the current and voltage of the secondary output restricted to specific levels.

Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to observe the following precautions to prevent operation failure, malfunction, or adverse affects on the performance and functions of the product. Not doing so may occasionally result in unexpected events. Do not handle the Digital Temperature Controller in ways that exceed the ratings.

- 1. The product is designed for indoor use only. Do not use or store the product outdoors or in any of the following places.
 - Places directly subject to heat radiated from heating equipment.
 - · Places subject to splashing liquid or oil atmosphere.
 - · Places subject to direct sunlight.
 - Places subject to dust or corrosive gas (in particular, sulfide gas and ammonia gas).
 - · Places subject to intense temperature change.
 - · Places subject to icing and condensation.
 - · Places subject to vibration and large shocks.
- 2. Use and store the Digital Temperature Controller within the rated ambient temperature and humidity. Gang-mounting two or more Digital Temperature Controllers, or mounting Digital Temperature Controllers above each other may cause heat to build up inside the Digital Temperature Controllers, which will shorten their service life. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Digital Temperature Controllers.
- To allow heat to escape, do not block the area around the Digital Temperature Controller. Do not block the ventilation holes on the Digital Temperature Controller.
- Always check the terminal names and polarity and be sure to wire properly.
- 5. To connect bare wires, use copper stranded or solid wires.

Recommended Wires

| Model | Recommended wires | Stripping length |
|-------|---|------------------|
| | AWG24 to AWG18 (0.21 to 0.82 mm ²) | 6 to 8 mm |

Use the specified size of crimped terminals to wire the E5CD-800 or E5ED-800.

Crimp Terminal Sizes

| Model | Crimp terminal size |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| E5CD-800 or E5ED-800 | M3, Width: 5.8 mm max. |

You can connect up to two wires of the same size and type, or two crimped terminals, to a single terminal.

- 6. Do not wire the terminals that are not used.
- 7. To avoid inductive noise, keep the wiring for the Digital Temperature Controller's terminal block away from power cables that carry high voltages or large currents. Also, do not wire power lines together with or parallel to Digital Temperature Controller wiring. Using shielded cables and using separate conduits or ducts is recommended.

Attach a surge suppressor or noise filter to peripheral devices that generate noise (in particular, motors, transformers, solenoids, magnetic coils or other equipment that have an inductance component).

When a noise filter is used at the power supply, first check the voltage or current, and attach the noise filter as close as possible to the Digital Temperature Controller.

Allow as much space as possible between the Digital Temperature Controller and devices that generate powerful high frequencies (high-frequency welders, high-frequency sewing machines, etc.) or surge.

- 8. Use the Digital Temperature Controller within the rated load and power supply.
- 9. Make sure that the rated voltage is attained within 2 seconds of turning ON the power using a switch or relay contact. If the voltage is applied gradually, the power may not be reset or output malfunctions may occur.
- 10.Make sure that the Digital Temperature Controller has 30 minutes or more to warm up after turning ON the power before starting actual control operations to ensure the correct temperature display.

- 11. When using adaptive control, turn ON power for the load (e.g., heater) at the same time as or before supplying power to the Digital Temperature Controller. If power is turned ON for the Digital Temperature Controller before turning ON power for the load, tuning will not be performed properly and optimum control will not be achieved.
- 12. During tuning,* ensure that the power for the load (e.g., heater) is ON. If the power supply to the load (e.g., heater) is not turned ON during tuning, tuning results will not be calculated correctly and it will not be possible to achieve optimum control.
 - * "Tuning" refers to the following functions: AT, adaptive control, automatic filter adjustment, and water-cooling output adjustment.
- 13.A switch or circuit breaker must be provided close to Digital Temperature Controller. The switch or circuit breaker must be within easy reach of the operator, and must be marked as a disconnecting means for Digital Temperature Controller.
- 14. Wipe off any dirt from the Digital Temperature Controller with a soft dry cloth. Never use thinners, benzine, alcohol, or any cleaners that contain these or other organic solvents. Deformation or discoloration may occur.
- **15.**Design the system (e.g., control panel) considering the 2 seconds of delay in setting the Digital Temperature Controller's output after the power supply is turned ON.
- **16.**The output will turn OFF when you move to the Initial Setting Level. Take this into consideration when performing control.
- 17. The number of non-volatile memory write operations is limited. Therefore, use RAM write mode when frequently overwriting data, e.g., through communications.
- 18.Always touch a grounded piece of metal before touching the Digital Temperature Controller to discharge static electricity from your body.
- 19. Use suitable tools when taking the Digital Temperature Controller apart for disposal. Sharp parts inside the Digital Temperature Controller may cause injury.
- 20.Install the DIN Track vertically to the ground.
- 21.Observe the following precautions when drawing out the body of the Digital Temperature Controller.
 - Follow the procedure given in *Drawing Out the Interior Body of the Digital Temperature Controller to Replace It* on page 42.
 - Turn OFF the power supply before you start and never touch nor apply shock to the terminals or electric components.
 When you insert the interior body of the Digital Temperature Controller, do not allow the electronic components to touch the rear case.
 - When you insert the interior body into the rear case, confirm that the hooks on the top and bottom are securely engaged with the case.
 - If the terminals are corroded, replace the rear case as well.
- 22. For the power supply voltage input, use a commercial power supply with an AC input. Do not use the output from an inverter as the power supply. Depending on the output characteristics of the inverter, temperature increases in the product may cause smoke or fire damage even if the product has a specified output frequency of 50/60 Hz.
- 23.Do not continue to use the Digital Temperature Controller if the front surface peels.
- 24.Do not exceed the communications distance that is given in the specifications and use the specified communications cable. Refer to the E5□D Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H224) for information on the communications distances and cables for the E5□D-800.

Precautions for Correct Use

Service Life

- Use the Digital Temperature Controller within the following temperature and humidity ranges:
 - Temperature: -10 to 55°C (with no icing or condensation), Humidity: 25% to 85%
 - If the Digital Temperature Controller is installed inside a control board, the ambient temperature must be kept to under 55°C, including the temperature around the Digital Temperature Controller
- 2. The service life of electronic devices like Digital Temperature Controllers is determined not only by the number of times the relay is switched but also by the service life of internal electronic components. Component service life is affected by the ambient temperature: the higher the temperature, the shorter the service life and, the lower the temperature, the longer the service life. Therefore, the service life can be extended by lowering the temperature of the Digital Temperature Controller.
- 3. When two or more Digital Temperature Controllers are mounted horizontally close to each other or vertically next to one another, the internal temperature will increase due to heat radiated by the Digital Temperature Controllers and the service life will decrease. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Digital Temperature Controllers. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminals sections alone to avoid measurement errors.

Ensuring Measurement Accuracy

- When extending or connecting the thermocouple lead wire, be sure to use compensating wires that match the thermocouple types.
- When extending or connecting the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer, be sure to use wires that have low resistance and keep the resistance of the three lead wires the same.
- Mount the Digital Temperature Controller so that it is horizontally level.
- If the measurement accuracy is low, check to see if input shift has been set correctly.

Resistance to Water

The degree of protection is as shown below. Sections without any specification on their degree of protection or those with $IP \square 0$ are not waterproof.

Front panel: IP66

Rear case: IP20, Terminal section: IP00

When waterproofing is required, insert the Waterproof Packing on the backside of the front panel.

Keep the Port Cover on the front-panel Setup Tool port of the E5ED-800 securely closed. The degree of protection when the Waterproof Packing is used is IP66. To maintain an IP66 degree of protection, the Waterproof Packing and the Port Cover for the front-panel Setup Tool port must be periodically replaced because they may deteriorate, shrink, or harden depending on the operating environment.

The replacement period will vary with the operating environment. Check the required period in the actual application. Use 3 years or sooner as a guideline. If the Waterproof Packing and Port Cover are not periodically replaced, waterproof performance may not be maintained.

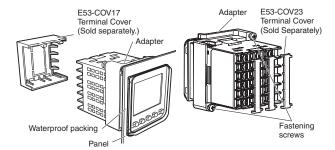
If a waterproof structure is not required, then the Waterproof Packing does not need to be installed.

Precautions during Operation

- It takes approximately two seconds for the outputs to turn ON from after the power supply is turned ON. Design the system (e.g., control panel) to allow for this delay.
- Make sure that the Digital Temperature Controller has 30 minutes or more to warm up after turning ON the power before starting actual control operations to ensure the correct temperature display.
- Avoid using the Digital Temperature Controller in places near a radio, television set, or wireless installing. The Digital Temperature Controller may cause radio disturbance for these devices.

Mounting

E5CD-800



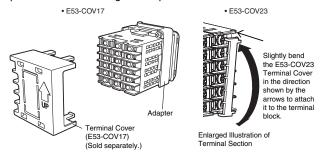
Mounting to the Panel

- For waterproof mounting, waterproof packing must be installed on the Digital Temperature Controller. Waterproofing is not possible when group mounting several Digital Temperature Controllers.
- 2. Insert the E5CD-800 into the mounting hole in the panel.
- 3. Push the Adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5CD-800.
- 4. Tighten the two fastening screws on the Adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

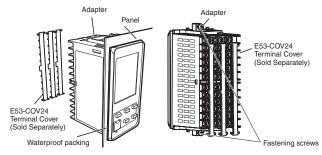
Mounting the Terminal Cover

There are two models of Terminal Covers that you can use with the E5CD-800.

Slightly bend the E53-COV23 Terminal Cover to attach it to the terminal block as shown in the following diagram. The Terminal Cover cannot be attached in the opposite direction. Or, you can use the E53-COV17 Terminal Cover. Make sure that the "UP" mark is facing up, and then attach the E53-COV17 Terminal Cover to the holes on the top and bottom of the Digital Temperature Controller.



E5ED-800

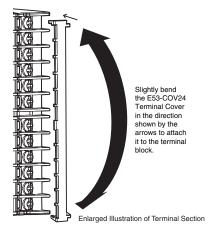


Mounting to the Panel

- For waterproof mounting, waterproof packing must be installed on the Digital Temperature Controller. Waterproofing is not possible when group mounting several Digital Temperature Controllers.
- 2. Insert the E5ED-800 into the mounting hole in the panel.
- Push the Adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5ED-800.
- Tighten the two fastening screws on the Adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

Mounting the Terminal Cover

Slightly bend the E53-COV24 Terminal Cover to attach it to the terminal block as shown in the following diagram. The Terminal Cover cannot be attached in the opposite direction.

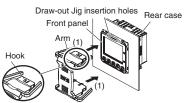


Drawing Out the Interior Body of the Digital Temperature Controller to Replace It

You can use the Draw-out Jig to remove the interior body of the Digital Temperature Controller from the case to perform maintenance without removing the terminal leads. Use the Y92F-58 Draw-out Jig for the E5CD-800 and the Y92F-59 Draw-out Jig for the E5ED-800. Check the specifications of the case and Digital Temperature Controller before removing the interior body from the case.

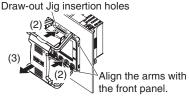
1. Draw out the interior body from the rear case.

 Align the arms on the Draw-out Jig with the top of the front panel on the Digital Temperature Controller and position it vertically. (The Y92F-58 is shown in the figure.)



2. Align the hooks on the Draw-out Jig with the Draw-out Jig insertion holes on the Digital Temperature Controller and slowly insert the Draw-out Jig into the Draw-out Jig insertion holes laterally until it clicks into place. (If you attempt to draw out the interior body of the Digital Temperature Controller when only one hook is engaged, the Digital Temperature Controller may be damaged.) (The Y92F-58 is shown in the figure.)

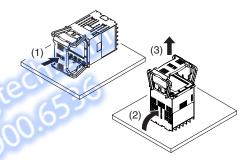
3. Pull out the Draw-out Jig together with the front panel. Do not pull with excessive force. Slowly pull out the Digital Temperature Controller laterally. (If you pull the interior body out at an angle, the Digital Temperature Controller may be damaged.)



After the interior body is free from the rear case, support the interior body with one hand and pull it out slowly in a horizontal direction.

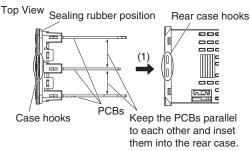
2. Prepare the new interior body.

- Place the Digital Temperature Controller flat on a table and slowly insert the Draw-out Jig into the Draw-out Jig insertion holes laterally until it clicks into place. (There is a hole at both the top and bottom.) (The E5CD-800 is shown in the figure.)
- 2. Place the Digital Temperature Controller on a table facing upward.
- Hold the rear case with your hand and slowly draw out the interior body in a vertical direction. If you draw out the interior body horizontally while holding the Digital Temperature Controller in your hand, the interior body will fall and may be damaged.

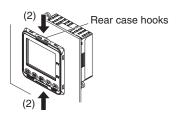


3. Insert the new interior body into the rear case.

 When inserting the interior body back into the rear case, mount the sealing rubber in the position shown below, make sure the PCBs are parallel to each other, and press the interior body toward the rear case and into position, making sure that the sealing rubber does not move.

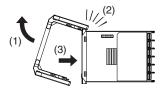


2. When you press the Digital Temperature Controller into position, press down on the rear case hooks so that the case hooks securely lock in place. (There are rear case hooks at both the top and bottom of the rear case.) If the Digital Temperature Controller is not correctly mounted into the rear case, the rear case may not be waterproof. When inserting the Digital Temperature Controller, do not allow the electronic components to touch the rear case. (The E5CD-800 is shown in the figure.)



Removing the draw-out jig when only one hook is caught in the draw-out jig insertion hole

- Pull the Draw-out Jig slowly in the direction shown in the figure. (This step is the same even if the other hook is caught.)
- Confirm that the Draw-out Jig is free of the Draw-out Jig insertion hole.
- If the interior body separates from the rear case, slowly press the interior body into the rear case in a horizontal direction. (The E5CD-800 is shown in the figure.) If you do not follow the procedures above, the Digital Temperature Controller may be damaged.



Precautions when Wiring

- Separate input leads and power lines in order to prevent external noise.
- Use crimp terminals when wiring the screw terminals.
- Use the suitable wiring material and crimp tools for crimp terminals.
- Tighten the terminal screws to a torque of 0.43 to 0.58 N·m.

Wires

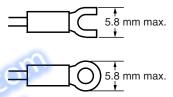
Use the wire specifications given in the following table.

| Model | Recommended wires | Stripping length |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| E5CD-800 or E5ED-800 | AWG24 to AWG18 (0.205 to 0.823 mm ²) | 6 to 8 mm (when crimp terminals are not used) |

- Strip the wires on which crimp terminals will be used to the length recommended by the crimp terminal manufacturer.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables for signal lines to prevent the influence of noise.

Crimp Terminals

For the E5CD-800 or E5ED-800, use the following types of crimp terminals for M3 screws.



Although you can connect two crimp terminals with insulation sleeves to one terminal, you cannot do so if the diameter of the insulation sleeves is too large.

Three-year Guarantee

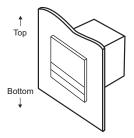
Period of Guarantee

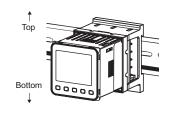
The guarantee period of the Unit is three years starting from the date the Unit is shipped from the factory.

Scope of Guarantee

The Unit is guaranteed under the following operating conditions.

- 1. Average Operating Temperature (see note): -10°C to 50°C
- Mounting Method: Standard mounting (Mounted to panel or DIN Track.)





Example: Mounted to Panel

Example: Mounted to DIN Track

Note: Average Operating Temperature

Refer to the process temperature of the Unit mounted to a control panel and connected to peripheral devices on condition that the Unit is in stable operation, sensor input type K is selected for the Unit, the positive and negative thermocouple input terminals of the Unit are short-circuited, and the ambient temperature is stable.

Should the Unit malfunction during the guarantee period, OMRON shall repair the Unit or replace any parts of the Unit at the expense of OMRON.



Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines

E52

Accurately Measure Seal Temperature. Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines.

- Heat resistance (sleeve: 0 to 260°C) and direct installation to heat bars.
- Greater flexibility in the movable section (models with 30 cores).
- Protective tubing diameter of 1 mm with ground for high-speed response.
- Usage together with the automatic filter adjustment function of E5□D-800 Digital Temperature Controllers is recommended.



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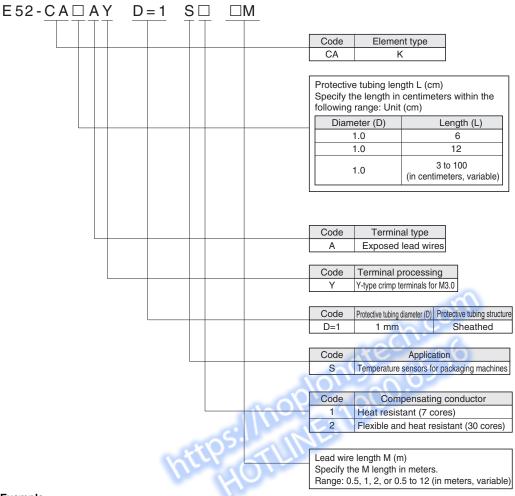
Refer to *Safety Precautions* for the E5CD-800/E5ED-800 Digital Temperature Controllers on page 39.

Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines

| Classification | Description | Model and appearance | | Temperature range | Element type | Conductor type | Class | Protective tubing material | Terminal type |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Special models for packaging machines | Sheathed thermocouple | E52-CA□AY D=1 S□ | I WOY | 0 to 650°C | K (CA) | Grounded type | 2 (0.75) | ASTM316L | Exposed lead wires |

Model Number Legend

The type of protective tubing length, and lead length can be specified as shown below.

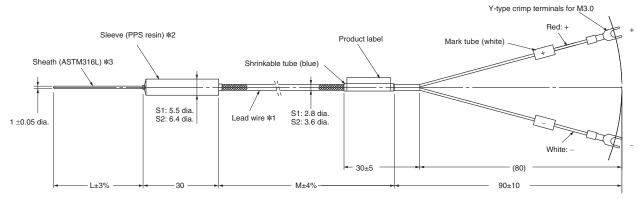


Example:

Element: K, protective tubing length: 12 cm, exposed leads, Y-type crimp terminals for M3.0, protective tubing diameter: 1 mm, flexible and heat resistive, lead length: 2 m

E52-CA12AY D=1 S2 2M

Dimensions



- *1. Lead wires (compensating conductor) (excluding Y-type crimp terminals) Heat-resistance model (0 to 200°C): PFA glass-wool sheath with stainless outer shield Flexible, heat-resistance model (0 to 200°C): PFA glass-wool sheath with stainless outer shield
- *2. Temperature range of sleeve: 0 to 260°C
- ***3.** The sheath can be easily bent. Performance will not be adversely affected even if the sheath is bent somewhat. Do not bend the sheath beyond the following value.

Minimum bending radius: 2 mm

Bendable section: 8 mm or farther from the end

List of Models

Custom-made models are available on request. Refer to page 45 for details.

| | Protective | Protective tubing length L (cm) | Lead wire type | Lead wire length M (m) | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Terminal type | tubing diameter D (mm) | | | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | |
| | | | | Model | | | |
| | | 6 | Heat resistive | E52-CA6AY D=1 S1 0.5M | E52-CA6AY D=1 S1 1M | | |
| Exposed-lead | 1 dia. | | Flexible Heat resistive | | E52-CA6AY D=1 S2 1M | E52-CA6AY D=1 S2 2M | |
| Models | | 12 | Heat resistive | E52-CA12AY D=1 S1 0.5M | E52-CA12AY D=1 S1 1M | | |
| | | | Flexible Heat resistive | | E52-CA12AY D=1 S2 1M | E52-CA12AY D=1 S2 2M | |



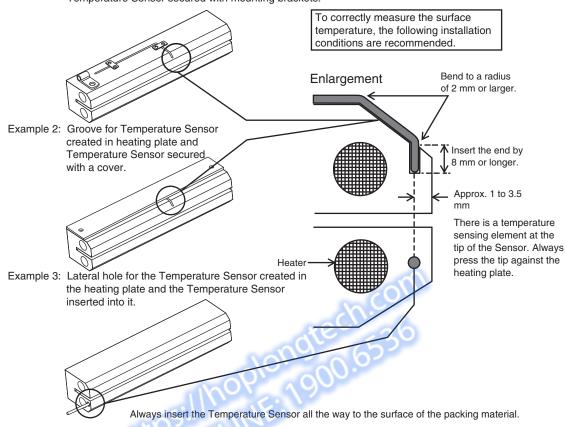
Installation Method

A Temperature Sensor for Packing Machines has a diameter of 1.0 mm.

To measure the temperature close to the seal surface, mount the Sensor as close as possible to the surface.

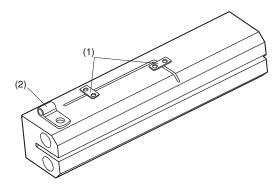
The following installation methods are assumed.

Example 1: Groove for Temperature Sensor created in heating plate and Temperature Sensor secured with mounting brackets.



| Mounting bracket | Application | Manufacturer | Model number |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| (1) | 1-mm-dia. protective tube bracket | Misumi Corporation | Square Shims ASFCS-series |
| | Sleeve bracket (S1) | Misumi Corporation | Cable Clips COPU3-20P |
| (2) | Sleeve bracket (S1) | Digi-Key | Cable Clamp RPC1156-ND |
| (2) | Classic brooket (CO) | Misumi Corporation | Cable Clips COPU4-20P |
| | Sleeve bracket (S2) | Digi-Key | Cable Clamp RPC1474-ND |

Note: All of the above mounting brackets are SUS304.



| MEMO |
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Terms and Conditions Agreement

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Further, in no event shall liability of Omron Companies exceed the individual price of the Product on which liability is asserted.

Suitability of Use.

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes or regulations which apply to the combination of the Product in the Buyer's application or use of the Product. At Buyer's request, Omron will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use which apply to the Product. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the Product in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use. Buyer shall be solely responsible for determining appropriateness of the particular Product with respect to Buyer's application, product or system. Buyer shall take application responsibility in all cases.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCT FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY OR IN LARGE QUANTITIES WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT(S) IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

Programmable Products.

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable Product, or any consequence thereof.

Performance Data.

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Change in Specifications.

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

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