

## Ensuring Your Safety in the Field

# Standard / High Performance Type Safety Light Curtains SFL Series

The SFL series safety light curtains are installed in potentially dangerous or hazardous areas to safeguard personnel from injury. The light curtains feature proven technology from Autonics area sensors and mapping sensors. The light curtains are built to meet internationally safety standards and regulations. Various detection models (finger/hand/hand-body detection) and safety functions are available for diverse applications.

















### **Safety Light Curtains**

### SFL Series

#### **Ordering Information**

**SFL** 





Type No-mark: Standard type

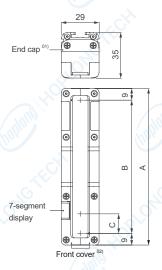
A: Advanced type 2 Detection capability

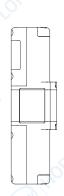
14: Ø 14 mm, finger 20: Ø 20 mm, hand 30: Ø 30 mm, hand-body Number of optical axes

Number: Number of optical axes

#### **Dimensions**

- . Unit: mm, For the detailed dimensions of the product, follow the Autonics web site.
- This dimension is based on the SFL(A) 14 model. The appearance varies depending on the detection





When removing the end cap, there is the lamp output terminal (top) or the power supply

| Detection capability   | Models   | Number of beams | A (protective height) | B (sensing height) | C (optical axis pitch) |  |
|------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ø 14 mm<br>(finger)    | Standard | 15 to 111       | 144 to 1,008          | 126 to 990         | 9                      |  |
|                        | Advanced | 15 to 199       | 144 to 1,800          | 126 to 1,782       | 9                      |  |
| Ø 20 mm<br>(hand)      | Standard | 12 to 68        | 183 to 1,023          | 165 to 1,005       | 15                     |  |
|                        | Advanced | 12 to 124       | 183 to 1,863          | 165 to 1,845       | 15                     |  |
| Ø 30 mm<br>(hand-body) | Standard | 42 to 75        | 1,043 to 1,868        | 1,025 to 1,850     | - 25                   |  |
|                        | Advanced | 9 to 75         | 218 to 1,868          | 200 to 1,850       | 25                     |  |

#### **Sold Separately**

- Power I/O cable (connector type: SFL-BCT(R), wire type: SFL-C $\square$ T(R))
- (socket type: CID8-□T(R), socket-plug type: C1D8-□T(R))
- Series connector cable (SFL-EC $\Box$ T(R))
- Lamp output cable (SFL-LC)
- (Top/Bottom (adjustable), Side (adjustable): BK-SFL-
- USB / Serial communication converter (SCM-US)
- SFL / SFLA dedicated converter cable (EXT-SFL)
- Test piece (SFL-T□)

#### **Specifications**

| Туре                           | Standard type  |                 |                     |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Models                         | SFL14-□  | SFL20-□         | SFL30-□             |  |  |
| Sensing type                   | Through-beam   |                 |                     |  |  |
| Light source                   | Infrared LED (855 nm)  |                 |                     |  |  |
| Effective aperture angle (EAA) | Within $\pm$ 2.5 $^{\circ}$ when the sensing distance is greater than 3 m for both emitter and receiver. |                 |                     |  |  |
| Sensing distance               | Short - Long mode (setting switch)   |                 |                     |  |  |
| Short mode                     | 0.2 to 5 m   | 0.2 to 8 m      | 0.2 to 8 m          |  |  |
| Long mode                      | 0.2 to 10 m  | 0.2 to 15 m     | 0.2 to 15 m         |  |  |
| Detection capability           | Ø 14 mm (finger)   | Ø 20 mm (hand)  | Ø 30 mm (hand-body) |  |  |
| Detection object               | Opaque object  |                 |                     |  |  |
| Number of optical axes 01)     | imber of optical axes 01) 15 to 111  |                 | 42 to 75            |  |  |
| Protective height              | 144 to 1,008 mm  | 183 to 1,023 mm | 1,043 to 1,868 mm   |  |  |
| Optical axis pitch             | 9 mm   | 15 mm           | 25 mm               |  |  |
| Series connection              | Max. 3 SET (≤ 300 optical axes)  |                 |                     |  |  |

| Туре  | Advanced type   |                |                     |  |  |
|---|---|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Models  | SFLA14-   | SFLA20-□       | SFLA30-□            |  |  |
| Sensing type                                    | Through-beam  | Hor            |                     |  |  |
| Light source                                    | Infrared LED (855 nm)   |                |                     |  |  |
| Effective aperture angle (EAA)                  | Within ± 2.5 ° when the sensing distance is greater than 3 m for both emitter and receiver. |                |                     |  |  |
| Sensing distance                                | Short - Long mode (setting switch or atLightCurtain)  |                |                     |  |  |
| Short mode                                      | 0.2 to 5 m  | 0.2 to 8 m     | 0.2 to 8 m          |  |  |
| Long mode                                       | 0.2 to 10 m   | 0.2 to 15 m    | 0.2 to 15 m         |  |  |
| Detection capability                            | Ø 14 mm (finger)  | Ø 20 mm (hand) | Ø 30 mm (hand-body) |  |  |
| Detection object                                | Opaque object   |                |                     |  |  |
| Number of optical axes <sup>01)</sup> 15 to 199 |   | 12 to 124      | 9 to 75             |  |  |
| Protective height                               | otective height 144 to 1,800 mm   |                | 218 to 1,868 mm     |  |  |
| Optical axis pitch                              | 9 mm  | 15 mm          | 25 mm               |  |  |
| Series connection                               | Max. 4 SET (≤ 400 optical axes)   |                |                     |  |  |

| Power supply  | 24 VDC = 1 20 % / (Dipple D. P. < 40 %)   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
|   | 24 VDC=± 20 % (Ripple P-P: ≤ 10 %)  |  |  |
| Current consumption <sup>01)</sup> Response time <sup>01)</sup> | Emitter: $\leq$ 106 mA, receiver: $\leq$ 181 mA $T_{OFF} (ON \rightarrow OFF): \leq$ 32.3 ms, $T_{ON} (OFF \rightarrow ON): \leq$ 76.6 ms   |  |  |
| Safety related output<br>: OSSD output                          | NPN or PNP open collector  NPN or PNP open collector  Load voltage <sup>(x)</sup> : CN - 24 VDC::: (except for the residual voltage), OFF - 0 VDC:::,  Load current <sup>(x)</sup> : ≤ 300 mA, Residual voltage <sup>(x)</sup> : ≤ 2 VDC::: (except for voltage drop due to wiring), Load capability: ≤ 2.2µF, Leakage current: ≤ 2.0 mA, Wire resistance of load ≤ 2.7 Ω |  |  |
| Auxiliary output<br>(AUX 1/2) 05)                               | NPN or PNP open collector Load voltage: ≤ 24 VDC, Load current: ≤ 100 mA, Residual voltage: ≤ 2 VDC (except for voltage drop due to wiring)   |  |  |
| Lamp output<br>(LAMP 1/2) 05)                                   | NPN or PNP open collector Load voltage: ≤ 24 VDC=, Load current: ≤ 300 mA, Residual voltage: ≤ 2 VDC= (except for voltage drop due to wiring), Incandescent lamp: 24 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA   |  |  |
|   | Reset input, mute 1/2 input, EDM, external test   |  |  |
| External input  | When setting NPN output ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF: 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA When setting PNP output ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA   |  |  |
| Protection circuit  | Reverse power polarity, reverse output polarity, output short-circuit over-current protection   |  |  |
| Safety-related functions  | Interlock (reset hold), external device monitoring (EDM), muting/override, Blanking (fixed blanking, floating blanking), reduced resolution   |  |  |
| General functions   | Self-test, alarm for reduction of incident light level,<br>mutual interference prevention   |  |  |
| Others functions  | Change of sensing distance, switching to NPN or PNP, external test (light emission stops), auxiliary output (AUX 1, 2), lamp output (LAMP1, 2)  |  |  |
| Synchronization type  | Timing method by synchronous line   |  |  |
| Insulation resistance   | ≥ 20MΩ (at 500 VDC megger)  |  |  |
| Noise immunity  | ± 240 VDC= the square wave noise (pulse width: 1μs) by the noise simulation   |  |  |
| Dielectric strength   | 1,000 VAC~ 50/60Hz for 1 minute   |  |  |
| Vibration   | 0.7 mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in each X, Y, direction  |  |  |
| Shock   | 100 m/s² (≈ 10 G), pulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, Z direction for 1,000 times  |  |  |
| Ambient illumination  | Incandescent lamp: ≤ 3,000 lx, sunlight: ≤ 10,000 lx<br>(illumination of light receiving surface)   |  |  |
| Ambient temperature   | -10 to 55 °C, storage: -20 to 70 °C (non-freezing or non-condensation)  |  |  |
| Ambient humidity  | 35 to 85 %RH, storage: 35 to 95 %RH (non-freezing or non-condensation)  |  |  |
| Protection structure  | IP65, IP67 (IEC standard)   |  |  |
| Material  | Case: Aluminum, Front cover and sensing part: Polymethyl methacrylate, End cap polycarbonate, Cable: polyurethane (PUR)   |  |  |
| Approval  | TUVNOBO ( € ( 1) NE LISTED (S)     S ( 06)  |  |  |
| International standards   | UL 508, CSA C22.2 No. 14, ISO 13849-1 (PL e, Cat. 4), ISO 13849-2 (PL e, Cat. 4), UL 61496-1 (Type 4, ESPE), UL 61496-2 (Type 4, AOPDS), IEC/EN 61496-1 (Type 4, ESPE), IEC/EN 61496-2 (Type 4, AOPDS), IEC/EN 61508-1~7 (SIL 3), IEC/EN 62061 (SIL CL 3)   |  |  |

- 01) It may differ depending on the models. For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

  02) The values of load voltage were drawn with PNP output, and in case of NPN output, apply these in reverse.

  03) Be sure that the load current should be greater than 6 mA.

  04) The residual voltage was drawn with 300 mA of load current.

  05) It is the non-safety output. Do not use it for safety purposes.

  06) In case of the KCs certified model, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."



